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PRESIDENT DISSOLVES PARLIAMENT; CHIANG CHAO-CHUNG COUNTERSIGNS MANDATE!

Dr. Wu's Resignation Accepted; Counter-Revolution Breaks Out in Shensi!

DECISION ILLEGAL BUT FOR THE BEST PRESIDENT ASSERTS

Only Way For Preventing Bloodshed and Protecting Foreign Interests

REPUTATION GONE

Sacrificed In Interests Of People, He Tells China Press Representative

INTENDS RESIGNING

Will Go When New Government Formed And Country Safe

BY NATHANIEL PFEFFER
Staff Cable to The China Press

Peking, June 13.—President Li Yuan-hung, in an interview granted to me today for THE CHINA PRESS, made a long and earnest defense of his decision to dissolve Parliament. He reached the decision to take this action in the full knowledge that it was illegal, but in the belief that it was the only means left him of preventing bloodshed, protecting foreign interests and saving China.

"I have not done this without long thought and consideration and not without sorrow," he exclaimed. "I have sacrificed my reputation and my career, but I have not considered myself. I have considered what I thought to be the best interests of the Chinese people.

"I realise that the Mandate is unconstitutional, but I was face to face with something bigger than any question of legality. I was confronted with certain facts and with a certain situation and had to act in that situation for bigger interests than any constitution.

'Seemed Wisest Step,' Says Li

"With troops surrounding Peking, with the people uneasy and excited and with Parliament virtually suspending itself by the members resigning in such numbers that no quorum was left, the step I took seemed to me to be the wisest one possible.

"I recognised that, almost certainly, there would be trouble with the Southern Provinces, but, between the two dangers, chose the smallest."

Asked as to his own plans, the President said: "Now I have done this, I am ready to go as soon as the country's interests permit. When a new Government is formed, I shall resign but I will never do this until I can do so without leaving the country in peril."

Assured Tuchuns' Support

President Li denied that the Tuchuns intend to overthrow him and declared that he had their assurances to the contrary. In the tensest and most earnest voice, he pledged himself to stand by the Republic, no matter what his own fate, to the end. He re-affirmed his belief that the Republic would never be overthrown, but admitted that some of the hot-headed Tuchuns had many wild schemes in their heads. They had pledged themselves, however, not to attempt a movement to restore the monarchy and to support the government while a new Parliament is being elected.

"Now that Parliament has been dismissed, Chang Hsun and the other Tuchuns are coming to Peking to help me complete the settlement," the President continued. "They have also agreed to apologise to the country for their unconstitutional conduct. They know that they have acted wrongly and illegally and will go no further. They have promised to abolish the Provisional Government which they had set up at Tientsin and to withdraw their troops."

Blames Intriguers

The President talked of the Tuchuns with some bitterness, but

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Britain Offers to Revise Agreements of Allies If Russians See Necessity

Concurs in Avowal Not to Deprive Nations of Patrimony; Says Aims Conform to This Standard

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 11.—The reply of His Majesty's Government to the Russian Note regarding the war-aims of the Allies states: "We heartily concur in the sentiment of the proclamation to the Russian people, which declared that a free Russia does not propose to dominate other peoples, or to deprive them of their national patrimony, or to forcibly occupy foreign territory."

The reply proceeds: "Great Britain did not enter into the war as a war of conquest and she is not continuing it for any such object. Her purpose at the outset was to defend her existence and enforce respect for international engagements.

"Another object has now been added: the liberation of the populations oppressed by the tyranny of the Central Powers. His Majesty's Government heartily rejoices at the intention of Free Russia to liberate Poland—not only the Poland which the old Russian autocracy ruled, but equally that within the dominion of the Germanic Empires. The British democracy wishes Russia God-speed in this enterprise.

"Beyond everything, we must seek a settlement which will secure the happiness and contentment of peoples and take away all legitimate causes for future war."

Endorse Wilson's Principles

The British Government heartily endorses the acceptance and approval by Russia of the principles laid down in President Wilson's historic message to Congress. These are the aims for which the British peoples are fighting and they are the principles whereby their war policy is and will be guided. The British Government believes, broadly speaking, that the agreements between the Allies are conformable to these standards, but, if the Russian Government desires, they, with their allies, are quite ready to examine and, if necessary, to revise these agreements.

Regarding the supposed Austrian peace delegates to Russia, it is now clear that these were taken prisoners and never reached Petrograd. The mission is not regarded seriously.

Threaten Seamen's Strike

The predicament of Mr. Ramsay Macdonald and Mr. F. W. Jowett continues to arouse great interest. Captain Tupper, of the Sailors' Union, states that he has warned the Premier that, if a naval crew is put on board the ship on which the delegates wish to sail, or if a destroyer is used to convey the delegates, there will be a national strike of seamen tomorrow.

Mr. Havelock Wilson, President of the Sailors' Union, states that the delegates are trying to leave by another port, which was warned of the fact by telegraph, with the result that pickets were posted.

It transpires that, when the ship on which the delegates meant to sail left port, Mr. G. H. Roberts, Labor Member for Norwich, remained behind, although he was not one of the delegates boycotted. Mr. Ramsay Macdonald and Mr. F. W. Jowett have returned to London.

Parliamentary Debate

In the House of Commons, today, Mr. G. Terrell, Unionist M. P. for Chippenham, moved the adjournment of the House and pressed the Government to cancel the passports issued to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald and Mr. Jowett, as they do not represent any substantial body of British opinion.

Mr. G. J. Wardle, Labor Member for Stockport, on behalf of the Labor Party, pointed out that Mr. Ramsay Macdonald and Mr. Jowett were not going as representing the British Labor Party. They could not injure Great Britain and they might help it. He refused to believe that they would advise the conclusion of a separate peace.

Mr. A. Bonar Law, replying for the Government, said that it was necessary for the House to throw itself into the atmosphere at Petrograd. He believed the final issue of the war depended upon the attitude of Russia.

Russia Wants Delegates

If the delegates were not allowed to proceed, the Russians would say that Russia was being asked to continue the war for the sake of Britain and the British were afraid to allow a small majority of their countrymen to express their view. He believed the Russian Government intended to use Russia in the fight on behalf of the cause for which they were all fighting and, therefore, they should try to easen their path and meet their request that representatives of all classes of British labor should proceed to Petrograd.

His Majesty's Ambassador and Mr. Arthur Henderson, as men on the spot, had impressed upon the Government the strong inadvisability of refusing to issue these passports. The British Government had weighed all considerations and had concluded that, in the interests of the prosecution of the war, it would be unwise to refuse the request made by their Russian ally.

Mrs. Pankhurst and Miss Annie Kenney have sailed for Petrograd.

A. Katz On Trial For Bill of Lading Fraud

Mr. James Magill Charges Blacklisted Firm Claimed Goods Not Their Own

Abraham Katz, of Abraham Katz and Co., a Turkish firm, was brought into the Mixed Court yesterday, on complaint of James Magill of the James Magill Customs clearing house company. Katz was charged with theft on April 23 of leather goods valued at about Tls. 8,000 and of fraudulently converting to his own use a bill of lading for the same of which he was bailee.

The defense claims that the goods were consigned to Abraham Katz and Co., which concern had been on the white list until January 1, but at the time of the arrival of the consignment was on the black list. The goods, Dr. O. S. Fischer claimed for the defendant, were marked with the firm's name and had been paid for. No acknowledgment of the remittance was received, he said, and finally on May 4 word was sent that the goods had been sold to someone else.

Mr. R. F. C. Master appeared for the complainant.

Abraham Katz, on the stand, stated that he had no interest in the firm but was merely an employe. He said that they had been notified of arrival of goods by the Russo-Asiatic Bank some two months previous to receipt of the bill of lading by Mr. Magill. They did not try to claim the goods, being on the blacklist, but wrote the manufacturers to see if they would not transfer the consignment to other parties.

The hearing was continued and accused was admitted to bail of $1,000 cash.

Local Russians Form Chamber of Commerce

To Protect and Develope Trade Relations with China; Count Jezierski is Chairman

With a view to protecting Russian commercial interests in China and developing trade relations between these two countries, a Russian Chamber of Commerce has been established in Shanghai.

The Committee of the new Chamber is composed as follows: Chairman, Count L. Jezierski. Members, Messrs. A. Drachenfels, S. Heiman, M. Morducovitch and M. Rizaeff. Secretary, Mr. E. Statkiewicz.

REVAL REVOLTS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, June 11.—Reval has following the example of Cronstadt and ejected the Government Commissioner and the local Committee of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates has taken over the administration.

HEAVY RAIN IN ANHUI

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Hwaiyuan, Anhui, June 11.—The drought has broken at last. The rain began this morning and is now coming down at a rate that will soak the fields, and fill all the wells and pools in a few hours. It seems like a general storm that should bring relief over a wide area. The rice can still be planted and also the beans, though of course it is too late for the kaoliang.

RECORD BREAKING 4TH WITH ALLIES JOINING IS COMMITTEE'S PLAN

Allied Consuls and S.V.C. Units To Start Day at Big Consulate Reception

IMPORT CRACK BALL TEAM

U.S. Infantry Players to Come From Tientsin to Meet Local Club

Plans for a record breaking Shanghai celebration of the Fourth of July were placed in the hands of special committees last evening and the gentlemen thus entrusted are to settle up the final details of the day's program.

All of the allied nationalities are to join in the observance, and the Consuls-General of these nations will attend the official reception at the American consulate which is to start the celebration. There will be brief speeches and it has been decided that the usual refreshments will be served. The Allied representatives of the S. V. C. will also participate in the day's doings.

Another big feature is being arranged by the sports committee. The general committee voted that branch the sum of $1,200 for the purpose of bringing down the 15th U. S. Infantry baseball team from Tientsin and they will clash with the Shanghai players in the last of a five game series at the Race Course on Independence Day afternoon. Dr. Downs, chairman of the Sports committee, made a strong plea for this feature.

Arrangements for all women and children who wish to see the military celebration of the morning are being made.

Consul-General Sammons presided at the meeting of the general committee and expressed great satisfaction over the enthusiasm shown in getting up the program. He said that he had never before seen so much of it in connection with a Fourth of July celebration and that it insured complete success.

Five new members were added to the general committee, these being, Messrs. J. J. Connell, G. F. Ashley, A. H. Swan, M. F. Perkins and Dr. J. C. McCracken.

The special committees appointed were as follows:

Consular reception committee:—Messrs. Sprague (chairman), Dunning, L. Everett, Hykes and Keegan and Major Holcomb.

Evening entertainment committee:—Messrs. Sutterle (chairman), Gaines, McGrath, Fessenden and Rose.

Finance committee: — Messrs. Emens (chairman), Burns and Southmayd.

Sports committee:—Dr. Downs (chairman), Messrs. Merriman, Ashley, Moss, F. Sites, Drs. Woodbridge, McCracken, Stevenson, Gamewell and Findley.

Military celebration committee:—Messrs. Swan (chairman), Webb, Millard, Perkins and Captain Delano.

The Consul-General is ex officio a member of all the committees.

Reports on the details will be made as soon as they are settled.

80,000 PISTOL ROUNDS IN GERMAN RESIDENCE

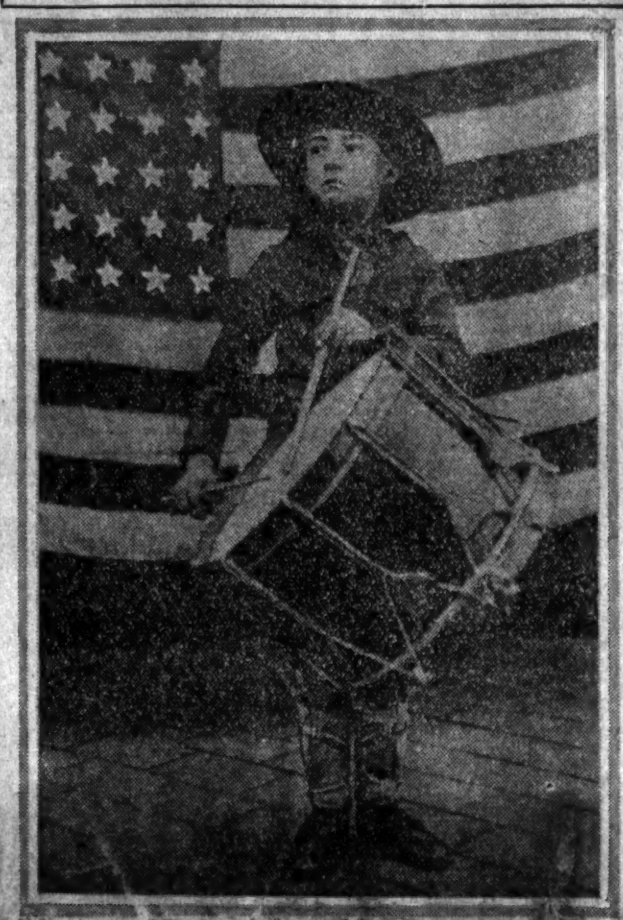
Huge Store of Ammunition Taken Over by Chinese Government Search Party

Discovery of 80,000 rounds of automatic pistol ammunition in a German private residence is reported by the police department in the Municipal Gazette this week. The ammunition was taken over by government authorities last month.

The report states that there was considerable activity by Chinese Government officials and Municipal Police, the latter accompanying the Government parties, in the visiting of premises owned or occupied by German subjects in the Settlement. The visits were for the purpose of taking over arms and munitions declared by German subjects at the time of their recent registration.

The report states that "in only a few cases was any difficulty experienced in this work," and that the Chinese authorities have made no attempt to exercise the right of search granted under the regulations issued by the Government at the time of the rupture of diplomatic relations.

This Is American Flag Day: Old Glory Is 140 Years Old



All Americans in Shanghai should display Old Glory today. June 14 is observed as Flag Day in America, for June 14 is the Flag's birthday. On that day, in 1777, the Continental Congress officially created the American Flag by passing the following resolution: "That the flag of the United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white, that the union be thirteen stars, white in a [illegible] constellation."

The United States today will be a sea of waving flags and bunting and we hope Shanghai Americans will not be behind the Homeland in honoring the Flag, which today, as in 1777, stands for right, for justice and for freedom, and against injustice, tyranny and oppression. Its symbolism was never more clear and luminous than it is on this 14th day of June, in this greatest year of history—1917.

British Gain Another Mile Of Trenches At Messines; Guns Exceptionally Active

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday evening:—We continued to progress, south-eastward of Messines. We captured the enemy's trench-system this morning in the neighborhood of La Potterie Farm, on a front of about one mile. During the day, we gained further ground in this area and captured seven field-guns and some prisoners.

Sir Douglas Haig reported today: We carried out a successful raid, last night, northward of Neuve Chapelle. We repulsed raiders southward of Neuve Chapelle, eastward of Armentieres and northward of Ypres.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters states that the intermittent shelling, east and north-east of Ypres, does not appear to indicate anything definite, but rather suggests jumpiness. He says that extraordinary activity prevails along practically the whole of the battle front.

Haig's Congratulations

Reuter's correspondent says Sir Douglas Haig has addressed the 2nd Army as follows:—"The complete success of the attack made by the 2nd Army, under General Sir Herbert Plumer, is an earnest of the eventual final victory of the Allied cause.

"The position assailed was one of very great natural strength, on the defences of which the enemy had labored incessantly for nearly three years and its possession, overlooking the whole Ypres salient, was one of very great strategical value to the enemy. The excellent observation he had from this position added enormously to the difficulty of our preparations for attack and they ensured him ample warning of our intention.

"He was, therefore, fully prepared for our assault and brought reinforcements of men and guns to meet it. He had a further advantage of the experience gained from his many previous defeats in battles such as the Somme, the Ancre, Arras and Vimy Ridge and, on the lessons to be drawn from these, he had issued carefully thought-out instructions.

"Despite all these advantages, the enemy was completely defeated and, within the space of a few hours, all our objectives were gained, with undoubtedly very severe loss to the Germans. Our casualties were, for a battle of such magnitude, most gratifyingly light. The full effect of this victory cannot be estimated yet, but that it will be very great is certain.

'Only Question of Time'

"Following the successes already gained, it affords final and conclusive proof that neither the strength of the position, nor knowledge of and timely preparation to meet the impending assault, can save the enemy from complete defeat and that, brave and tenacious as the German troops are, it is only a question of how much longer they can endure a repetition of such blows.

"Our victory was due to causes which always have given and will give success, namely, the utmost skill, valor and determination in the execution of the attack, following upon the greatest forethought and thoroughness in preparation.

"I desire to place on record here my deep appreciation of the splendid work done above and below the ground and also in the air by all arms, services and departments and by the Commanders and Staffs by whom, under the orders of General Sir Herbert Plumer, the means at our disposal were combined, both in preparation and execution, with a skill, devotion and bravery beyond all praise. The great success gained has brought us a long step nearer a final and victorious end of the war and the Empire

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GEN. CHIANG FILLS PREMIER'S OFFICE FOR LI CHING-HSI

Expect Chang Hsun Will Move to Peking With All His Troops

TUCHUNS SCARED

Don't Welcome his Continued Domination Of The Situation

SHENSI IN REVOLT

Troops Defeat Rebel Governor; Take Possession of Sianfu

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, June 13.—President Li Yuan-hung has dissolved Parliament. The mandate is countersigned by General Chiang Chao-chung.

Dr. Wu Ting-fang's resignation has been accepted. General Chiang Chao-chung, the Commander-in-Chief of the Peking Gendarmerie, has been appointed acting Premier until Li Ching-hsi assumes office.

It is now anticipated that General Chang Hsun will come up to Peking with the remainder of his troops, bringing the total number of his men at the Capital to 5,000 and that he will be accompanied by Li Ching-hsi, whom General Chang Hsun is supporting, though it is thought that the other Tuchuns will not welcome General Chang Hsun's continued domination of the situation.

The followers of General Tuan Chi-jui are working for the reinstatement of the latter, or the appointment of Hsi Shih-chang as Premier, but Hsu Shih-chang is unwilling to accept the post.

A report has reached Peking that a counter-revolution has begun in Shensi against Tuchun Chen Shu-fan and the native troops have attacked and defeated the Tuchun's men and occupied Sianfu. The Tuchun has fled.

President's Mandate

The following is a translation of the Presidential Mandate dissolving Parliament:

"On the 6th month of last year, I promulgated a mandate stating that, in order to draw up the Constitution, it was imperative that Parliament should be convened. The Republic had been established five years, yet there was no Constitution which should be the fundamental law of the nation; therefore, it was ordered that Parliament should be re-convened to draw up the Constitution, etc., immediately.

"The main object in again convoking Parliament was to make a permanent Constitution for the country. Recently, a petition was received from Meng En-yuan, the Tuchun of Kirin and others, to the effect that, in the Articles passed by the Constitution Conference, there were several points, as follows:—

" 'When the House of Representatives passes a vote of want of confidence in the members of the Cabinet, the President may dismiss the members of the Cabinet, or dissolve the House of Representatives, but the dissolution of the House of Representatives must have the approval of the Senate:

" 'When the President dismisses the Premier, it is unnecessary for him to secure the counter-signature of the Cabinet Ministers' and also

" 'When a Bill is passed by both Houses, it shall have the force of law.'

Tuchuns' Petition

"I was surprised to read the above provisions. The Tuchuns' petition continued:—

" 'According to the precedents set by other nations, a Constitution has never been made by Parliament. If

we desire a good workable Constitution we should seek a fundamental solution. Indeed, Parliament is more important than any other organ in the country, but, when the welfare of the nation is imperilled, we must take action.

"'As the present Parliament does not care for the welfare of the nation, it is requested, in view of the critical condition of the country, that drastic measures shall be taken and both Houses shall be dissolved, so that they may be re-organised and a Constitution made without further delay. Thus, the form of Republican Government will be preserved.'

"Of late, petitions and telegrams have been received from military and civil officials, merchants, scholars and others, containing similar demands. The Senate and the House of Representatives have held a Constitution Conference for about a year yet the Constitution has not been completed.

Couldn't Get Quorums

"Moreover, at this critical time, most members of both Houses have tendered their resignation, hence it is impossible to secure quorums to discuss business. There is, therefore, no opportunity to revise the Articles already passed and, unless means are devised to hasten the making of the Constitution, the hearts of the people will never be satisfied.

"I, the President, who desire to comply with the will of the people and to consolidate the foundation of the nation, grant the requests of the Tuchuns and the people. It is hereby ordered that the Senate and the House of Representatives be dissolved and another election held immediately. Thus, constitutional government can be maintained.

"It must be pointed out that the object of the re-organisation of Parliament is to hasten the making of the Constitution and not to abolish the legislative organ of the Republic. I hope all the citizens of the Republic will understand my motives."

Explains to Provinces

President Li Yuan-hung, in a telegram to the provinces, explaining the dissolution of Parliament, describes the events leading to the outbreak of the Tuchuns. He says that, as he had failed to reconcile the conflicting Parties, he at first thought of resigning, but troops marched towards the Capital from various directions and rumors of the organisation of a Provisional Government and the restoration of the Manchus unsettled the minds of the people.

The Tuchun of Anhui (? Chang Hsun) then undertook to mediate, but demanded the immediate dissolution of Parliament as a condition, otherwise he would relieve himself of the responsibility and allow the Tuchuns freedom of action. The President felt that, if he resigned, civil war would result and not only would the form of government be altered, but the people would suffer greatly, the Capital be endangered and foreigners be obliged to take steps to protect themselves and the destruction of the nation would follow.

He says that he carefully considered the matter and arrived at the conclusion that he must act discreetly and save the situation. He did not care to gain reputation by scrupulously adhering to the Provisional Constitution at the expense of the people and the nation and he was obliged to promulgate a mandate dissolving Parliament, in order to preserve the Republican form of Government and also the lives and property of the inhabitants of the Capital and the unity of the North and South.

Conscience Isn't Easy

The President concludes: "I have acted so as temporarily to maintain the situation, but my conscience has not been at ease. It is my sincere hope that the chiefs of the provinces who have revolted will repent their misdeeds and that the other loyal provinces will appreciate my difficulties and cause no trouble. We should unite together with one accord to bridge over the present difficulties. As soon as normal conditions have been restored, I will resign and I call upon the Sun in Heaven to witness the sincerity of my words."

The whole tone of the President's message to the provinces shows that he is much misinformed and completely terrorised by the Tuchuns' threats, which many close observers believe would not have been carried into effect, while it is even thought that, if the President throughout had shown courage and steadfastness, he might have successfully defied the rebels.

Lieut.-General Tanaka left for Tientsin, this morning, after a week's stay, during which he has been much entertained.

Gen. Chiang Chao-chang Also Will Retire Soon

(From The Chinese Press)

Upon countersigning the Mandate dissolving Parliament, General Chiang Chao-chung sent a circular telegram to Marshal Feng and all the Military and Civil Governors, Defence and Military Commissioners and newspapers throughout the Republic. The message reads:—

"The present situation of the country is critical and the danger of the Republic is increasing every day. The President, desiring to save the country from perils and the people from their unending troubles, has this day issued a Mandate asking for the re-election of Parliament.

"I, Chao-chung, have been requested to act as Premier temporarily and do not wish to see the President the sole target of attacks from all over the country, so I have countersigned the Mandate, in accordance with law and bear full responsibility for the act. My object in doing so is to maintain the present *status quo* of the nation and protect the peace and order of the Metropolis, so that the nation will remain united and the lives of the people need not be wasted.

"As soon as the Cabinet is formally organised, I shall retire. I dare not expect to escape the blame of being unlawful. Whether people will blame me or understand my reason, I shall leave to public opinion to decide."

Following the dissolution of Parliament by the Presidential Mandate, General Chang Hsun asked the Military Governors of the Independent Provinces to comply with three demands. They are: the withdrawal of all troops despatched by them, the cancellation of their declaration severing relations with the Government and their apology to the Central Government.

General Chang Hsun has called a peace conference to be held in Tientsin and has wired to Marshal Feng Kuo-chang to send a representative to the convention.

Military authorities at Nanking announce the restive attitude of the Chekiang troops, under Tuchun Yang Shan-teh. It is feared that great friction will soon arise between them and the independent Governor.

Decision Illegal But For The Best

(Continued from Page 1)

blamed certain intriguing politicians for urging them on in the dispute over the provincial authority clause of the new constitution, which, he said, was the original cause of the trouble.

"When the Tuchuns came to Peking for their war conference, they came only as military leaders, but the politicians induced them to seize on the provincial clause in the constitution as a pretext to make trouble. Then they demanded the dismissal of Parliament, but, as Parliament had done nothing unconstitutional, I refused to take this action."

Then the Cabinet Ministers resigned and Tuan was left without a Cabinet and the President was compelled to dismiss Tuan before he could get any sort of a Government re-organised. Then a small group of Tuchuns formed a clique, this again at the instigation of scheming politicians and this clique went about the country, inducing others to join them.

Stands by His Record

"When they assembled at Tientsin, they found themselves divided as to the best course to pursue and Li Ching-hsi induced them to call Chang Hsun to mediate between them. Following this, the ultimatum was presented for the dissolution of Parliament and the revision of the Constitution. I listened to both sides and then made my decision," he said in conclusion, "and I think my record and my whole career will show that I acted not for my interests or for any party but for the welfare of the whole people."

GERMANY'S INFLUENCE BEAT SPAIN'S MINISTRY

Set Military Agitating; New Premier's Program Includes Complete Neutrality

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—Owing to the rigid Spanish censorship, the situation in Spain is not clear. The substitution of Senor Dato's for the previous Ministry is not regarded as being of momentous importance, but it is significant that the overthrow of the Liberals was accomplished under the pressure of the military, instigated, according to several Spanish newspapers, by Germany. Senor Dato's program comprises complete neutrality.

U. S. Liberty Loan Subscription Short

Deficit of £100,000,000 Has To Be Made Up By Tomorrow; Flag Day Effort

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, June 12.—The Treasury admits that the Liberty Loan has been greatly under-subscribed and it is feared that the subscriptions will fall short by £100,000,000. The subscription list closes on the 15th.

President Wilson is planning an important speech during the celebration of Flag Day, on the 14th, when he will make a comprehensive statement on the aims and position of the United States.

British Gain Another Mile

(Continued from Page 1)

will be justly proud of the troops who have added such fresh luster to its arms."

Ypres' Defence a Miracle

Mr. Beach Thomas, wiring from British headquarters, states that the most interesting of all that is left on the battlefield are the old German observation-posts. Especially near Ypres, they dominate our old positions and show how completely was our nakedness exposed to the enemy. "How we held Ypres all these years is a miracle."

"The battle of Messines was a perfect example of team-work. There are few single feats among the infantry to record, but some amazing reports are coming in concerning the fighting in the air.

"One British airman found himself with a number of craft on both sides. He tried a spinning dive, but fell 8,000 feet before he could straighten out his machine. When 2,000 feet from the ground, he saw two German planes in succession tumble past, having been shot down and then, as he began to climb again, a third Hun plane, hurtling down, almost fell on top of him."

Victory is Complete

Paris, June 12.—A semi-official communique states the British victory at Messines is now complete and the British dominate the valley of the Lys, which is the most essential German line of communication north of Lille. It also draws attention to the fact that Austrian communiques report lively skirmishes in the wooded Carpathians and East Galicia and general activity among the Russians.

The Weather

Fine weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 81.9 and the minimum 65.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 93.7 and 72.9.

FLASH LIGHT PHOTOS

A scientific job, every body with eyes open, no smoke. Proofs submitted same evening.

Burr 2 Broadway

The Frawley Company

By Domino

"Jerry" was repeated last night at the Lyceum Theater, and the audience thoroughly enjoyed the show. The play was written for Miss Billie Burke in the first instance, and lines, business and situations all clearly let the people on the dark side of the footlights into the secret. I saw Miss Billie Burke some years ago when she was captivating London with her charm, and I can well understand "Jerry" fitting her like a glove.

The play is brimful of excellent fun, and witty lines, but it struck me that it was a trifle too long. Of course a lady wrote the piece, and she evidently revelled in the talky-talky parts, but often this hindered the action of the play, and so if we have to compare it with say "Fair and Warmer" I should plump for the latter. I am told that the play originally ended on the third curtain, and a very delightful curtain too. Then it was on the short side, so Miss Billie Burke settled down and fixed up a fourth act. No-one can object to that. It is fine, and was written to suit.

Well, we have not had Miss Billie Burke out here to play "Jerry," but we now have Miss Eva Lang, and I have not the least hesitation in saying that she must be every bit as charming as her well known sister-artiste. Just fancy, "The Outcast" one night, and "Jerry" the next. That is going some. Perhaps you have not seen Miss Lang as "Jerry"; then take my word for it that she is as versatile as she is pretty, and that is saying as much as my vocabulary allows. If you have seen her, then there is no need whatever for me to tell you how good she or her work is.

There are other parts in the show, but you come away with one image in your mind, and that is Miss Eva Lang. Now for the others. They are all good. It was jolly to see Mr. Frawley again. He "has a way with him," and he uses it so well in "Jerry" that he not only captures the affections of "Joan", but he also strengthens the nice opinions that we have already formed of him. John Halliday has another fine part. He makes a perfect lover. As "Montague" he walked through the part with an ease that made it most convincing. He was aided by an excellent make-up which improved his natural good looks.

Miss Annette Tyler played the part of "Joan." It isn't an easy character to portray, but the actress brought all her sound experience to bear upon the work, and therefore she made as big a hit with it as was possible. I should like to see her in a major part. She speaks well, and has plenty of feeling.

I am not quite sure what "Harriet Townsend" ought to be like. I do not envy Miss Valentine Sidney, who played the part. Anyhow I did not like the portrayal, and am looking forward to seeing that player in something that will give her more scope. "Briggs" the butler was an old dear, and everyone liked him. Reynolds Denniston played the character, and it is undoubtedly due to his clever work that the study stood out so well and won such immediate sympathy. George Austin Moore had little to do as the Doctor but he was quite effective.

Tonight: "Jerry" will be repeated.

BRAZIL WAR RULES

Mr. Hugo Reiss, Consul for Brazil, has received officially from the Brazilian Legation at Tokio, for publication, the Decree which the President of the Republic despatched on June 1, in accordance with the legislative resolution, as follows:—

I make known that the National Congress decreed and I sanction the following resolution:—

Article I.—The Decree No. 12458 of April 25 of the current year, which establishes the neutrality of Brazil in the war between the United States and the German Empire, becomes without effect.

For the execution of this Article, the President of the Republic is authorised to take the necessary measures exercising the acts resulting from the cessation of the said neutrality.

Article II.—The Executive Power is authorised:—

I.—to utilise the German mercantile ships anchored in the ports of Brazil, for which end he can exercise the acts which may be necessary on the terms of the message of May 25 of the current year.

II.—to take measures of defence for our navigation abroad, being authorised to devise and agree with the friendly nations upon steps which will assure the liberty of the import and export commerce and to revoke for that purpose the decrees of neutrality whenever it is considered convenient.

Article III.—The Executive Power is authorised to open the credits necessary for the execution of the present law.

Article IV.—The provisions to the contrary are hereby revoked.

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ETTINGER DISCHARGED IN PASSPORT CASE

German Protege Is Warned By Assessor Jones to Shun Former Associates

Albert Ettinger, charged with breach of neutrality and of attempted forgery of a Spanish passport, and trial of whose case brought Joseph Rothman into the limelight, was discharged in the Mixed Court yesterday, by the judgment handed down by Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Wang.

Assessor Jones dismissed Ettinger with a warning and advised him to have nothing more to do with his former employers.

"You are discharged," he said "but I hope this will be a warning to you in future. In spite of your denials in the witness box, your career is perfectly well known to the police, and you must remember that you no longer enjoy the immunity which was yours prior to the rupture of diplomatic relations between China and Germany. Have nothing to do with your former masters, who are now outlawed by the whole civilised world. Try to gain an honest living, and no man will molest you. You can go."

The full judgment of the Court follows:—

"The prisoner is charged for that he did on the 31st May, 1917, unlawfully commit an act against the neutrality declared by the country of China during a foreign war; contrary to Art. 128 of the Chinese Provisional Criminal Code; and further for that he on an unknown date prior to the 31st May, 1917, did unlawfully attempt to forge a public document, to wit a passport purporting to be issued by His Spanish Majesty's Consul General at Shanghai; contrary to Art. 239 and 250 of the Chinese Provisional Criminal Code.

"The evidence for the prosecution was brief and simple. Detective Schmidt told us that he found accused in the Public Gardens at 11 a.m. on Thursday, 31st May and requested him, as a suspected person, to come to the police station. The officer was acting under instructions issued in consequence of a decision of this Court in another case to take jurisdiction over Turkish subjects and persons in their employ. At the station accused was searched and a photograph of a Spanish passport found on him. The passport in question is in blank; it purports to be signed by the former Spanish Consul, and it bears upon it the photograph of the German subject Nielsen whose name was brought to the notice of this Court some time ago in connection with an attempt by German agents to smuggle arms into India with a view to promoting rebellion in that country. The Chancellor of the Spanish Consulate told us that the photograph was like one of their passports, that all passports were issued by him and not by the Consul, that they did not keep blank forms signed by the Consul in advance, and that the signature at any rate must, therefore, be a forgery.

"The defence was, I think, on obvious lines. It was that accused is the victim of a British plot, and it was suggested that the British authorities were at the back of it. No tittle of evidence has been produced in support of the latter allegation. What undoubtedly happened was this. The passport or passports had originally been forged by an Austrian named Kindler. Kindler then, in the manner of his tribe, betrayed through Rothman his own work to the British authorities, furnishing them with a specimen which it was intended should be used by Nielsen for some nefarious project, and of which photographic copies were naturally taken for distribution. Rothman, who had apparently amused himself for some time with various persons of Ettinger's stamp and occupation, gave Ettinger and Huntze copies, which had now lost all value, possibly for a consideration, in order that they might take those copies to the rump staff of the former German Consulate General, which now functions in another place, as evidence against Kindler who was already under the suspicion of his authorities. Such being the prisoner's purpose, we are of opinion that his action does not constitute an offence under either of the Articles charged."

American Red Cross

Having made a start, arrangements are now being pushed on fast for the operatic and patriotic concert to be given at the Lyceum Theater, on the evening of July 3, under the patronage of Consul-General T. Sammons, in aid of the American Red Cross. It is not intended to omit the smallest particular which can aid toward making the affair a big success.

Miss Bessie Abbott, the famous American prima donna, will herself undertake the major part of the program and will be assisted by some of the most talented local amateurs. Mr. M. Speelman, always popular, has already promised to contribute numbers and Mr. V. Meyer has been provisionally booked. He is at present away from Shanghai, but it is hoped he will be able to return in time to aid the good cause.

It has been decided to dispose of the boxes by auction and, as the theater is specially well provided with these, the funds should benefit materially. Arrangements have not yet been quite completed, but there is sure to be a big rush for the boxes once booking commences and so there will be no harm done by getting into the bidding right away. Mr. Louis Reed, Miss Abbott's manager, will be glad to receive offers at the Astor House.

'A Roman Wedding': Synopsis

Following is a synopsis of the Latin play to be given by the American School, under the auspices of the American Woman's Club, tomorrow, in the Public School building, North Szechuen Road Extension.

'A Roman Wedding'

The scene is laid at Rome, in the year 63 B.C., in the house of Cicero, consul and orator.

Scene I.—Betrothal

The curtain rises, revealing the atrium of the house. Cicero is heard practising an oration behind the scenes. Terentia, wife of Cicero, enters, attended by slaves. A crash of falling china is heard, evidently something upset by the orator in his gesticulations and in a moment a slave enters, bearing the broken fragments of a favorite Greek vase.

Cicero seems to be totally indifferent to what has happened and Terentia, weeping and groaning, complains of the growing coldness of her husband. She sends for the little box containing her old love letters and reads them tenderly, realising now how Cicero is neglecting her in his interest in study and prosecution of Catiline the Conspirator.

Cicero enters and, seeing his wife weeping, asks her the cause. She answers that there is nothing, except that she has been thinking how different the "Cicero who married her was from the Cicero whom she sees today." She further tells him that the school report of their son, Marcus, causes her great anxiety.

Marcus is called in and made to explain. His father, reading the report, finds that the boy has been late ten times to school. Cicero is considerably wrought up over the information and remarks to Marcus that his mother should never have allowed such disgraceful conduct. Terentia retorts that the father as well should not have permitted it.

Cicero continues to reprove his son for his bad record, but praises his progress in oratory, much to the annoyance of Terentia. Young Marcus, to show what he can do, delivers a little speech which he has just learned at school. In geometry he is very poor, but, upon his father's offer of a hundred sesterties as a reward for good marks in that subject, he promises to study more diligently.

Lucius Piso calls at the home of Cicero, to ask the hand of Tullia—the 14 year old daughter of Cicero—for his son Caius Piso. Terentia is pleased with the prospect of marrying her daughter so well, but the father hesitates to let his darling go. After Piso, however, tells him that, by Roman custom, every man should be willing to give his daughter in marriage, the consul agrees. Terentia gives the son of Piso a compliment and the flattered old gentleman enlarges on his son's virtues and wealth. He leaves to make preparations.

Young Marcus calls his sister Tullia and they all break the news to her. They ask how she feels at the prospect. She says she prefers to wait until she is older and appeals to her father. Cicero tells her that, if she wishes him to have peace, it will be well to do as her mother wishes.

Tullia says that she can sympathise with Servilia and other girls who have no girlhood, on account of marrying so young, but finally she yields to her mother's wish and consents to become betrothed to Caius. The witnesses arrive and the betrothal takes place. The marriage contract is read by the Iuris Consultus and signed, showing the amount of dowry. Refreshments are partaken of, while Tullia pours a libation to the gods. Congratulations are offered by Quintus Hortentius, the Pronuba and others and the wedding hymn is sung.

Scene II.—Wedding Ceremony.

The two priests—Flamen Dialis and Pontifex Maximus—preceded by Lictors, come in from opposite sides of the room and pass on to the altar. The Flamen burns incense. A slave brings in a pigeon and hands it to the Flamen, while another hands to the Pontifex a plate of meal and one with crackers. After the priests have held the bird and the meal devoutly above their heads, the bridal party enter, while all the guests follow.

Cicero hands wine to the priests, with which they sprinkle the sacrifices. The auspices are taken and pronounced favorable. The Pontifex now, after the bride and groom have walked around the altar twice and the auspices have again been pronounced favorable, hands the groom a cracker, of which he partakes and hands it on to the bride.

The eating of this cracker presented by the Pontifex is the most important part of the ceremony, suggesting the sacramental view of marriage. The bride and groom assume the names of Caius and Gaia respectively. Tullia, with the words: "Where you are Caius, I am Gaia," signifies her willingness to enter the family of her husband.

Both are now conducted to two chairs covered with a sheep-skin and veiled while the priests make offerings and prayers. The latter then pass out, the Pronuba uncovers the heads of the wedded pair and they receive congratulations.

Scene III.

The "Deductio" and Procession to the Groom's House.

The guests are sitting about the room. The bride is taken, to all appearances, by force from her mother's embrace—a survival of the marriage by capture, or, as the Romans themselves put it, a reminiscence of the Sabine marriage. The wedding cake is eaten. The bride's new mother-in-law, just like so many mothers-in-law, remarks on the deliciousness of the cake and cruelly asks Tullia if she made it. Little Marcus upholds his sister. "But," he adds, "if there is only one cake for us to have, let us go to Tullia's new house."

The curtain falls and the procession begins, all singing the wedding hymn. Arriving at the groom's house, the bride winds the door posts with woolen bands and anoints them with oil, to signify health and plenty. She is then lifted over the threshold to prevent possible stumbling. For a bride to stumble at the door of her new home was considered a bad omen.

The groom then hands the bride a dish on which incense is burning and a bowl of water, which both touch, in token of mutual purity. Tullia receives the keys of the house, then kindles the fire on the altar with her torch and throws it to some fortunate girl outside, similar to our modern custom of throwing the bride's bouquet. The scene closes with Tullia kneeling before the altar and offering a prayer to Juno for future happiness.

Prior to the play there will be a program of musical entertainment by the American High School:

"Oh the Flowery Month of June," Chorus a la Valse from "The Year"
A Cantata. William Jackson
Glee Club
"Strophe" ..... Johan Batholdy, Op. 30.
American School Orchestra.
(a) "My Love Dwelt in a Northern Land".....Edward Elgar
(b) "Awake, Awake, the Flowers Unfold" .....Henry Leslie
Glee Club
"Sechste Symphonie" ..... Hayden
American School Orchestra.

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News and Views in the World of Books

Second Youth

Second Youth. By Allan Updegraff. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.35.—gold.

Several new and promising writers of fiction have made their first bows to American readers within the last two or three publishing seasons. But among them all there has been none more promising in a number of ways than Allan Updegraff with this story that he describes in the sub-title as being "some account of the middle comedy in the life of a New York bachelor." It is more interesting and more provocative of curiosity concerning its author's further possibilities than some of the other promising ones because of the note of difference it strikes and because of certain qualities it possesses that are rather rare in American fiction—its lightness and deftness of touch, a thistledowniness of both matter and manner, its entire detachedness from serious meanings or implications, although it has enough intellectual quality to make possible the reading of it without the creation of a vacuum in the reader's headpiece.

The story is concerned with the developing of romance in the soul and the life of a silk salesman in a conservative New York department store, and what happened to him in consequence. He is already past 30, and love has never touched him with more than a breath from its wings. He is fastidious, a lover of beauty, sentimental, of poetic temperament, and likes to be always entirely correct. He becomes interested in a lovely customer, who also is interested, in some conversation they have about silks. She returns to his counter several times, each time increasing his admiration for her, until it becomes the beginning of a grand passion. She has such a husband as sometimes falls to the lot of attractive, fastidious women, the sort that works more or less havoc with a woman's soul, temporarily, if she have the strength of character to stop the destruction, and permanently if not. The state of mind induced by Mrs. Twombly's experience leads her to try an experiment with Mr. Francis, the silk salesman. Afterward he writes in his diary that "today has been full of very advanced events."

The romance appears to have come to a sudden end, but it has made Mr. Francis very susceptible to beauty in the form of woman, while his aristocratic appearance makes him attractive to the eyes of women who are not beautiful. And presently the silk salesman, notwithstanding all his fastidiousness and his naivete, and without any intention on his part to engage in philandering, finds himself desperately entangled in a number of love affairs, not one of which but he is frantic to flee from as soon as he discovers, to his amazement, that it has developed into a love affair.

Mr. Updegraff treats his tale in the comedy spirit and in the high comedy manner. He contents himself with a bare stirring of the surface of human emotions, but sometimes he makes it possible to hear the rushing of the waters in the depths beneath. He has a keen sense of character, and each one of his people, widely different though they are, starts into life from his page with a few touches of his pen. The story-telling instinct is strong in him also, for his somewhat complicated plot is women with skill and his situations and incidents arranged with such deftness that a mere suggestion suffices him for the opening of fresh complications. But it is as comedy that the story will most appeal—refined comedy of character, situation and manner, delicately portrayed and never lacking in genuine appreciation of the very things that are the subjects of its humor. Mr. Francis, the silk salesman, is amusing always, but he wins the reader's sympathies and liking from the start, and, no matter what his absurdities, his genuineness and simplicity keep him from being ridiculous. A more engaging book for an hour's recreation and amusement it would be different to find.

STORIES OF SCOTLAND

Seen and Heard, before and after 1914. By Mary and Jane Findlater. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50. gold.

There are six stories in this book—the stories of Scottish life that the Misses Findlater know so well how to tell—and the coming of the war divides them square in half. This in itself gives the book added value as a picture of the conflict's far reactions. For the war came to the Scotch villages of the Highlands and changed the face of life for the village folk. And the things that were "seen and heard" after Aug. 1, 1914, were very different from the Highland happenings of the hills and villages in the months before.

This is not to say, of course, that the first three stories are not excellent reading. They are. The book is interesting from beginning to end. The first story is of the wandering tinkers of the Highlands, and of the claim of their gypsy life upon all the tinker. "clan." Readers of "The Patrician" will remember how Lady Casterly held her family to the duties of their ca te; the active force of the story of "The Little Tinker" is a gypsy Lady Casterly, and the rigor of her sense of family and "class" duty is astonishing and full of interest. The second story is a strange but of Highland pathos. "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" is a human little tale of a village ne'er-do-well, who lost his chance of manhood, but the second war story is full of whimsical humor and sweetness. Jane Findlater has written all the tales but one—the last, "Real Estate," longer than most of the others, and rich in human understanding and charm.

The village and the village folk come very close to us in the Misses Findlater's work. They write with fine restraint and with fine sympathy, with understanding of the life of the Highlands, and with the artistry that makes their word pictures fine and real. "Seen and Heard" is a lovable, human book.

ROAD TO UNDERSTANDING

The Road to Understanding. By Eleanor H. Porter. Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.40 gold net.

If Burke Denby had not been given all the frosted cakes and toy shotguns he wanted at the age of 10 it might not have been so difficult to convince him at the age of 20 that he did not want to marry Helen Barnet, his aunt's pretty nursemaid. As it was, it proved not only difficult but impossible thus to convince him, or even to hold him to the promise given his father, that he would wait for a year before pledging himself to her. No prophet is needed to foretell the swift disillusion which must follow such a marriage; the young husband, and undisciplined boy of luxurious surroundings, cultured rearing, and fastidious fastes; the wife a well-intentioned but crude and ignorant serving maid, the child of a village shopkeeper. The disillusion was on both sides, for Helen had dreamed of taking her place as a daughter in the home of Burke's widowed father, with the social standing and ease of living belonging to the position. On the contrary, she found herself compelled to exist upon her husband's meagre salary of fifteen a week, the justly incensed father having withdrawn his son's allowance.

Mrs. Porter depicts with fidelity to life the steps leading to the complete alienation of the ill-mated pair; the clashing of tastes, the young wife's inability to manage her home economically and comfortably; her husband's continual wincing at her solecisms of speech and of manner; his dislike of the companions to whom she naturally gravitated, and, on her part, rebellion against poverty and drudgery; resentment because of her husband's criticisms; relapse into untidiness and sullenness—all the inevitable misery for both that comes of marriage between those whom God hath not joined together. Of course, when the baby came it was not a link, but a sundering influence, and up to this point the story could not be a more interesting and faithful portrayal of character and circumstance. But Mrs. Porter is not content to leave her unhappy young pair to be wretched ever after or to seek relief in the divorce court. She finds for them a long and strange road to understanding, and here the story ceases to be convincing, and loses its hold upon the reader. We find ourselves always objecting to the situations as more than improbable and to the characters as not consistent with themselves. Besides, life is short, and the road Mrs. Porter's heroine elects is unconscionably long. Still, the book is so well written and holds so much of truth that it must be ranked among the really good stories of the day, well worth the reading; conveying, too, a lerson which would be invaluable were it not sure to be to those who need it a warning of Cassandra.

STARR OF THE DESERT

Starr of the Desert. By B. M. Bower. With frontispiece. Little, Brown & Co. $1.35 gold net.

Helen May's mother had died of consumption, and Helen May, 23 years old and very pretty, was the dearest thing on earth to her father, Peter Stevenson. So when she began to show the dread signs which indicated that she was setting foot upon the road along which her mother had gone Peter decided that somehow, some way, she must be saved. But he was only a druggist's assistant on a small salary, and the doctor declared that Helen May's one chance was to get away from the fogs of Los Angeles and go to some place like Arizona or New Mexico, where she could breathe dry air and live out of doors. It seemed an impossible thing to accomplish; but quiet Peter was a hero. He paid the price, and to New Mexico May went. She did not like it at all, and her younger brother Vic mourned his lost opportunities in the moving-picture studios of their former home, and hated herding goats on the tiny ranch which was many miles away from the nearest town. Life, however, became more agreeable to both of them after they met "Starr of the Desert."

Texas ranger, and Secret Service employe, Starr, ostensibly in New Mexico to buy cattle, was really there to learn, if possible, something about a movement called the Mexican Alliance. "It was suspected that the object was to restore three of our States to Mexico," and it was an intrigue that was "stirring the rulers of two nations." Of course Starr had a busy and a lively time of it, and the plots, counterplots, and misunderstandings which ensue are complicated enough to hold the reader's attention very pleasantly. An entertaining, agreeably written romance is "Starr of the Desert."

CELL THIRTEEN

The Problem of Cell Thirteen. By Jacques Futrelle. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.35 gold.

It is more than a decade since "The Thinking Machine" first solved the problem of cell thirteen and the other strange mysteries that made him famous among us. Now he has returned to us again, and Mr. Futrelle's publishers have brought out a new edition of the adventures of The Thinking Machine. It gives one a queer sense of the rapid passage of time to read of the hero's confident assertion to a group of incredulous friends, that the airship would yet be invented! But there is, for all that, nothing that is really stale or untimely about the stories that are newly presented here. The problem of cell thirteen—how a man got himself out of the closely guarded death cell of a prison from which no man had ever escaped—is as thrilling as ever. The mystery of the scarlet thread, of the lost man, of the flaming phantom—they remain absorbing tales.

"The Problem of Cell Thirteen" is a collection of seven tales, the exploits of Professor Augustus S. F. X. Van Dusen, whose mastery of the power of sheer reason had earned him the title of "The Thinking Machine." The first exploit is a bit of cleverness, pure and simple; the second is the solution of a murder mystery; the third delves into the problem of an attack of aphasia that was no aphasia at all; the stories are widely varied in their themes, and most of them, while mysterious, are not horrible.

SOCIOLOGY

The passing of the Great Race; or the Racial Basis of European History. By Madison Grant. Bell. 8s. 6d. n.

A comprehensive examination which is worth attention, by a well-known American zoologist, of European race history centered round the three race stocks, Alpine, Mediterranean; and Nordic. Mr. Grant is a believer in the dominating influence of race and heredity; and in the present war he sees —rather curiously—a new demonstration of the truth that "the basis of the government of man is now and always has been, and always will be, force and not sentiment." In the United States he observes a race degeneration since the Civil War, and believes that the survival of the type best adapted to existing conditions of environment means the survival not of the fittest, but of the unfit.

Human Ideals. By Frederick A. M. Spencer. Fisher Unwin. 6s. n.

The ideal presented to the reader is that of those who preach a simpler, freer life, ordered on truly rational lines and in the spirit of love and beauty, freer industrial conditions and the moralisation of the capitalistic system—a religion of sonship and co-operation with the Divine in the spirit of primitive unsophisticated Christianity. Mr. Spencer writes in a quiet, non-aggressive manner, and, as in his "The Meaning of Christianity," reveals the working of a reflective mind.

New Careers for Women. The Best Positions and How to Obtain Them. Newnes. 3s. 6d. n.

Forty-one chapters dealing with different classes of professional work, reprinted from the *Ladies' Field*.

THE AMAZING YEARS

The Amazing Years (Hodder and Stoughton, 5s. net) are the last three, and they have furnished Mr. W. Pett Ridge with the material for a moral tale. The subject is the purifying effect of the war on a London middle-class family; but, the author being a humorist, so much of a short book is given to the grotesque side of the characters that too little space remains for their development into useful members of society for the reader to take them seriously. As far as they are not caricatures, they are types.

The father is sympathetic and recognisable; he is one of many who in August, 1914, had some such conversation as this with his wife:—"I've never saved, partly because you gave no help in that direction, partly because I wanted to look on and see every one having a capital time." "How selfish of you, James!"

Suddenly ruined, he mopes aimlessly at first, and eventually becomes a director of a munitions factory. The mother remains untouched by the war until her son is made prisoner; thereupon she takes over the cooking, and dies shortly afterwards. To judge from the author's account of her, we should have expected her husband to regard the first proceeding as the more deplorable of the two, but this is not so. The selfish daughter has a heavy role. "It would save some trouble if one could ask you to accept Miss Muriel without explanation and to judge her by the acts recorded of her, but this is perhaps making too great a strain upon credulity."

After the rich but unprepossessing alien to whom she engages herself has received his twelve months' hard labor she bestows her hand on a soldier—crippled, poor and otherwise eligible. Probably the cruel Germans knew the fate that awaited him when they agreed to his exchange. Then, too, there is the conversion of a free-thinking Radical into a champion recruiter with a taste for reading the Bible. The story is told by Mary Weston, servant to the family in its prosperity and guardian angel later. She is transformed into an expert in furniture for whom all that bulges is not Chippendale.

It will be gathered that Mr. Pett Ridge has laid on his colors too thickly to please the sophisticated, but there are several passages over which even their high brows may relax. We are introduced, for instance, to an after-dinner speaker who affirmed that when he was at his best you might look round the table as he resumed his seat, "and fail to discover a single dry eye"; and among the obiter dicta there is, "History is interesting enough to look back upon, but trying to live with."

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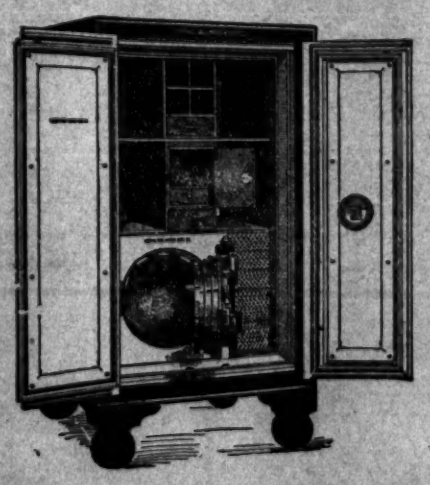

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SPORTS -:- Latest News of Athletic World -:- GOSSIP

SECOND OF RED-BLUE SERIES AT 4.30 TODAY

Shanghai Ball Teams Scheduled To Meet on Race Course Grounds This Afternoon

Reds and Blues will meet on the local diamond today in accordance with the newly arranged schedule of club games. So far the Red and Blue series stands 1 and 0 in favor of the latter aggregation. The Reds, despite the emphasis of their first trimming are figuring on squaring the account today in order to start things off on an even footing next week. The game begins at 4.30.

The Saturday and Sunday games with the All-Navy players will begin at 3.30 and 3 o'clock.

Sports Not to Stop, Says Pres. Wilson

President Wilson sees no necessity for the abandonment of sports because of America's entry into the war. On the contrary, he advocates their continuance as benefitting national defense.

In a letter to Lawrence Perry of the New York Post, made public May 22, the executive states that notwithstanding the situation a wholesale elimination of athletics would be inadvisable.

"Athletic sports," the President wrote, "not only afford needed diversion for the American people in this time of stress, but they are a real contribution towards national defence, for the young men must be made physically fit who are later to take the place in the ranks of those who are now of military age."

Lawn Bowls

S. L. B. C. Rink Tourney

The second round of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club's rink competition will be played at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Following are the teams:

A. B. Bell (skip)	W. D. McCallum (skip)
H. H. Fowler	D. Mennie
E. L. Hunter	D. MacDonald
A. W. Dewhurst	W. J. Vine
G. L. Campbell (skip)	J. C. Macdougall (skip)
J. Valentine	G. Dunlop
W. Dutton	F. Large
T. E. Trueman	A. T. Wignall

Byes were drawn by Disselduff's and Taylor's teams.

War Fund Competition.

A War Fund Competition will be held also at 4 p.m. on Saturday—each losing player to pay a minimum of $1.00 to the Royal Flying Corps Hospital Fund. The teams will be:—

O. Crewe-Read (skip)	J. J. Sheridan (skip)
J. A. Smallbones	F. L. Marshall
F. A. Sampson	H. Browett
D. MacGregor	T. Harborne
J. T. Disselduff (skip)	A. Taylor (skip)
W. A. Ogden	Dr. H. C. Patrick
S. M. S. Gubbay	R. Simmons
C. J. Head	W. A. Farley
C. M. Bain (skip)	S. Hammond (skip)
E. C. Emmett	J. Scotson
J. G. Smeaton	A. G. Mossop
F. C. Banham	W. Gater
L. Evans (skip)	J. D. Gaines (skip)
W. J. Gande	E. Payne
J. B. Grant	Rev. W. H. Rees
E. M. Reid	Dr. J. W. Ross

S. L. B. C. v. S. R. C.

This match will be played on the rinks of the S.L.B.C. at 4 p.m. next Sunday.

S.L.B.C. team—L. Evans, A. D. Bell, J. T. Disselduff, O. Crewe-Read, G. H. Phillips, G. Dunlop, J. C. Macdougall, E. Hunter, R. Simmons, C. M. Bain, J. D. Gaines, A. Taylor, F. L. Marshall, H. H. Fowler, D. MacDonald and W. A. Ogden.

Coast League Ball

Standings May 22.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
San Francisco	30	17	.638
Salt Lake	26	17	.605
Oakland	22	22	.500
Portland	20	23	.465
Los Angeles	18	26	.409
Vernon	18	29	.383

Big League Baseball

Here are the major league standings as they were on May 22:

National League

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	18	9	.667
New York	16	9	.640
Chicago	22	13	.629
St. Louis	15	14	.517
Cincinnati	14	19	.424
Brooklyn	10	15	.400
Boston	9	15	.375
Pittsburg	11	21	.344

American League

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Boston	18	10	.643
New York	17	10	.630
Chicago	22	13	.629
Cleveland	18	17	.514
St. Louis	15	18	.455
Washington	13	17	.433
Detroit	11	18	.379
Philadelphia	9	20	.310

War Funds

Fly Trap Fund

	Tls.
Balance as per List of June 1.	3,289.34
G. W. Shipway	8.00
E. Gordon Lowder	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Roberts	10.00
C. W. Ure	$100
In Memory of Ruby H.S.G.	10
Unexpected	45
Dr. Munroe Home	10
	$165
at var. Exch.	119.40
	3,436.74

Less:	Tls.
30 Traps sent to Port Said	63.62
500 Traps shipped to Bombay	1,023.00
Charges at Bombay on 70 cases Rupees 60	25.53
Insurance on 500 Traps	30.88
	1,143.03
Balance in hand	Tls. 2,293.71

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Overseas Club Gift Box Fund

	Tls.
Balance as per List of May 18	29.00
O. M. G.	20.00
W. A. Stursburg	£1
	Tls. 49.00
Less D/Dft. remitted to London, £8 8s. at 3s. 7 1/2d. also Cheque for £1.	46.54
	Tls. 2.46

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Municipal Staff

The following changes in the Municipal Staff for the week ending June 9 are reported in the Municipal Gazette:

Police Force.—K. Menju is appointed temporarily as Japanese Interpreter from June 7.

Health Department.—The appointments of Assistant Nurses M. H. Walsh and O. M. Randall are confirmed from March 19.

Public Works Department.—Mr. G. H. Lawrence is appointed Clerk-of-Works on one month's probation from June 6.

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Borden Fears Return Of Canada's Soldiers If Drafts Fall Off

Urges Conscription as Obligation Due to Men Who Have Volunteered

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Ottawa, June 12.—Sir Robert Borden, introducing the Compulsory Service Bill, laid stress upon the obligation to re-inforce the gallant troops in the field, saying: "If we do not provide them with these re-inforcements, with what countenance shall we meet them on their return?" He was not so much concerned for the day the Bill becomes law as for that when these men return, if it was denied.

He concluded: "This afternoon, the Canadians are pressing back the invaders in France and Belgium. Let us prove ourselves worthy to call them comrades. Some of them may have made the supreme sacrifice for Canada even as we speak.

"Let us summon in thought these brave comrades, firm of heart, strong of purpose, those who have fought, yes and those who shall fight no more. Let us summon them in spirit to our determination. Let us speak and determine, as if they are in our midst."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier assured the Premier that the debate would be conducted with frankness and moderation on the side of the Opposition, as befitted free British citizens. He appreciated that the duties devolving on Sir Robert Borden were great in magnitude, but his own were scarcely less important.

The political situation in Canada is very interesting in view of the opposition in Quebec to conscription and the resignation of Mr. Patenaud, Secretary of State. The latter announcement caused a sensation, hence the galleries of the House of Commons were crowded to hear Sir Robert Borden introduce and explain his Conscription Bill. The latter provides for re-inforcements not exceeding 100,000 men, by a selective system.

Three tribunals will make the selection. The first will be composed of two persons of each locality, one chosen by the County Judge and the other by the Board of Selection appointed by Parliament. This tribunal will decide exemptions.

The second tribunal is the body to which appeals will be made and its members will be designated by the Chief Justice of each Province. The third tribunal is also a body to which appeals will be made. It will consist of a Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada, who will also determine the conditions of appeal.

Those exempted will be practically in the same position as men exempted from military service in Great Britain. Re-inforcements will be called to the colors in ten classes, according to age, beginning with 20 and ending at 45.

TOKIO GREETS PRINCE YI

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, June 12.—Prince Yi, the ex-Emperor of Korea, arrived today. He was met at the station by the Princes of the Blood, the members of the Cabinet and other prominent persons and received a most elaborate reception.

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News Brevities

Regarding inquiries for copies of the instruction issued by the Department of Military Relief, Bureau of Supplies, of the American Red Cross, covering surgical dressings, hospital garments and supplies, etc., the American Consul General states that a limited number may be secured from Dr. Herman Bryan, address, 7 Siccawei Road, Shanghai.

* * *

Saturday, June 30, is commencement Day at St. John's University. The exercises are to begin at 3.30 p.m.

* * *

The chief attractions tonight at the Shanghai Isis Theater are the Frances Dainty Company and the 9th and 10th episodes of the master plot serial, "The Mysteries of Myra." Three roaring comedies will also be shown.

* * *

Mrs. Hilton Johnson was one of the passengers leaving Shanghai for Japan Tuesday.

* * *

Mr. K. O. Mackenzie, of Messrs. Mackenzie and Co., left Tuesday for Hankow.

* * *

The "Saving Daylight" idea has been adopted by a number of Shanghai firms, which during the summer months will start work at 8.30 a.m. instead of 9 o'clock, closing at 4.30.

* * *

The Toyo Kisen Kaisha, Oriental S. S. Co., will be located in permanent quarters on the first floor of the North China Insurance Building, 71 Szechuen Road, after June 18.

* * *

The death of Evelyn E. Porter, M.I.E.E., late manager of E. E. Porter and Co., Ltd.; and formerly of Shanghai, is reported. He died at his residence, "Rockbeare," Portmere Park, Weybridge. He was 53 years old. Mr. Porter lived in Shanghai for twenty-seven years and had a wide circle of friends in the Far East.

* * *

Final examinations for graduates of the Woosung Naval College will be held at the school today. More than 20 students are expected to complete their courses and receive commissions in the Second Squadron at Nanking. Admiral Chen Pih-kwan, Minister of the Navy, has delegated Admiral Ling Pao-je, commander of the First Squadron, to be the Chief Examiner.

* * *

Four Peiyang military men started a recruiting campaign at a tea-shop near the West Gate of the Chinese city, yesterday and managed to get a hundred perspective soldiers before the Nantao police were informed. Forty cents each was paid to those who enlisted to perform service, as the Peiyang officers announced and promised to undergo military training in a neighboring province. When the police attempted to effect their arrest, the agents fled.

ALLIES TAKE STRONG MEASURES IN GREECE

Will End Machinations; Nominate M. Jounart as Joint High Commissioner

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—A telegram from Athens states that radical resolutions appear to be preparing for a settlement of the Greek question. The French ex-Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Jounart, who has been appointed by the Allies as High Commissioner to Greece, has arrived at Salamis and proceeded to Salonica, to consult with General Sarrail and M. Venizelos.

The above telegram from Athens has been greatly delayed, but it is understood that M. Jounart's mission betokens strong measures for the purpose of ending machinations against the Entente.

EXTRA JAPANESE ENVOY

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, June 12.—An Imperial Ordinance is promulgated for appointing, in case of necessity, a special envoy of ambassadorial rank, in addition to the regular service. It is believed that the situation in China or America may be the principal cause for such an appointment.

FOR RUN-DOWN PEOPLE

The expression "run-down" comes from the feeble action of an unwound clock, and the comparison is a good one. Applied to health, it means a condition in which all the bodily functions are enfeebled. Appetite fails, the digestion is impaired, the nerves are impoverished, the complexion becomes pale, there is no animation, but rather worry and mental depression. Fatigue is a constant symptom.

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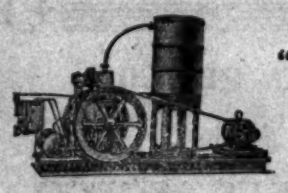

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WEATHER

The depression will reach Japan. Normal monsoon along our coasts. Fine weather.

DEATH

MRS. C. C. NIEH: On May 27th in her home at 22 Wayside Road. The Funeral will take place on Sunday, June 17th, leaving the home in Wayside Road at 9 a.m. A service will be held in the Quinsan Road Methodist Church at 10 a.m. The procession will then proceed to the Hunan Guild at St. Catherine's Bridge.

14175

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 14, 1917

A Song for Flag Day

Spirits of Drake and Key, inspire my song
With something of the vital, living fire
That thrilled you when your fingers swept along
Our country's earlier lyre!

For I, in these red days of battle flame,
When half the stricken world is mad with Mars
And lilied Peace seems a forgotten name,
Would sing the Stripes and Stars!

Although begot in strife and first unfurled
O'er rude Fort Stanwix in the wilderness,
Our flag before the wide eyes of the world
Stands not for storm and stress.

Though we may glory that it waved on high
When cheers at Yorktown rang from lip to lip,
That it heard Lawrence's immortal cry
Of: "Don't give up the ship!"

That o'er Chapultepec's stark heights it tossed
When valor upward urged to victory,
And led, when an ill-fated cause was lost,
With Sherman to the sea!

And that it fluttered proudly at the peak
Above the challenging cannon's rage and roar,
When Dewey swept defiant through the reek
Past stern Corregidor!

Nor stripe nor clustered star has ever shone
Save but for freedom, for the broader birth
Of liberty—the dearer, clearer dawn
Of brotherhood on earth.

Wave then, O banner! May thy mission be
To heal the grievous wounds, the woeful scars,
Triumphant over wrong and tyranny,
Beloved Stripes and Stars!

CLINTON SCOLLARD.

Old Glory's Day

JUNE 14 is Flag Day in the United States. It was on June 14, 1777—140 years ago—that the Continental Congress resolved: "That the flag of the United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white, that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation."

The symbolism of the American Flag was little understood in those long ago days; the Flag itself was destined to remain unknown to the rest of the world for many years. But today it is known in every part of the world and it is understood in every part of the world that civilisation has touched. It had only thirteen stars then; today it has 48. In the War of 1812 it had fifteen stars: in the Mexican War 29: in the Civil War 35: in the Spanish War 45.

It is today one of the oldest, among the flags of great nations, being older than the present British Union Jack, the French tricolor and the flag of Spain and years older than the flags of Germany and Italy, some of which, like those of other countries, are the personal flags of reigning families.

A flag of the highest historic value because it is the original "Star Spangled Banner," which flew over Fort McHenry in Baltimore during the bombardment on September 13-14, 1814, and was the inspiration for the National Anthem, now hangs in the rotunda of the National Museum building, in Washington.

This Fort McHenry flag is of the fifteen stars and stripes type, adopted by an act approved by President Washington on January 13, 1794, which took effect on May 1, 1795, after the admission of Vermont and Kentucky to the Union.

It measures about 30 feet square, is much battered and torn and has one star missing. This great historic souvenir has lately been preserved by quilting it on heavy linen cloth. It remains one of our country's most precious relics.

From 1795 this form continued as the standard flag until President Monroe's administration, when Congress enacted that it should thereafter be of thirteen stripes, with the addition of a star for each new state, beginning on July 4, 1818.

The forefathers, we like to think, got a fine and uplifting thrill out of that figure—"a new constellation." A new constellation in the world! It still thrills their loyal and patriotic descendants to whom they bequeathed it as a priceless heritage.

And doubtless today from the shining ramparts of peace in the Great Beyond the brave forefathers once more are thrilled as they see their sons again unfurling that "new constellation" in the same Cause that gave it birth and inspiration—the cause of freedom and justice against tyranny and oppression; and know that it still waves today as stainlessly glorious as it was the day they gave it and its honorable record into the keeping of their sons.

Where U-Boats Work

(Daily Mail)

There is a widespread belief that the increased violence and success of the U-boat campaign, as reflected in the losses of British merchantmen, are due to the longer radius of action and wider sweep of the hostile submarines.

It is frequently asserted that the defensive measures adopted by the Admiralty have compelled the U-boats to abandon the North Sea, the Channel, and the Irish Sea as hunting grounds and to take themselves further afield.

According to a high authority, this is not the case. Modern submarines can, of course, maintain themselves much longer at sea than was the case with those in commission two years ago. This is doubly advantageous to them. The boats employed on the original "blockade" in 1915 followed as nearly as possible the following program: — Proceeding to station, 4½ days, operating in alloted area, 20 days; returning to base, 4½ days; resting crew and refitting boat, 12 days. The boats now in service are able to remain at least twice as long on their appointed beats, so that if the time for reaching the station remains the same, and also that allowed for recuperation at the end of a cruise, each boat now spends 40 days out of 61 in active employment, as compared with a previous 20 days out of 41. The actual sea time proportionate to the life of the boat is thus increased from 50 per cent to 66 per cent.

Destroy The Wasps Nest

Still more important is the fact that the new boats have to cross the North Sea twice (once out and once in) for 40 days' work at sea, whereas with the older craft ingress and egress had to be made once for each 20-day cruise. The risk of destruction is thus appreciably lessened, since our "anti" measures are doubtless more numerous and effective in the North Sea than they are beyond it.

In spite of their greater sea-going capacity, however, U-boats do not spread themselves a great deal more than used to be the case, and this for fairly obvious reasons. Every mile "oiled" reduces the boat's staying power, and the farther afield she goes the sooner she must turn back. In the second place, the best areas for U-boat operations are necessarily those in which the various principal trade routes begin to converge. Outside the Mediterranean the vast bulk of U-boat activity is still contained within a line drawn from Brest to Bergan round the British Isles.

Sir Edward Carson said recently that submarines were now operating up to about 250 miles from the coast —though some have, of course, been met with a good deal farther out. If this standard be applied from the north of Scotland to Gibraltar it will be found that the total area of ordinary U-boat activity is little, if anything, short of three million square miles—a fact which shows plainly enough that if the menace is to be overcome at all it must be combated not by chance work on the illimitable high seas but in and around the bases and estuaries where it originates. When you want to destroy wasps you do not, if you are sensible, walk about with a net half a mile away from their nest. RICHARD THIRKELL.

CHIN-CHIN

Then Up, Jesters, And At Us!

On days when we are full of zip
And inspirations too
And we can spill the merry quip
With nary an ado,—
Yes, on them days, fond reader,
When we are full of oats,
We never fail to hear from you—
Ye jokesmiths and ye potes.

The contributions flutter in
From morning until eve
As surely as the wage of sin
For which our pastors grieve.
BUT, let us come to work day,
Without one bloomin' thot,
And are you there to save us, eh?
Oh, yes, indeed you're NOT.

J.B.

Real Golfing

Congratulations to Mr. Warrack, but we have heard of a better one. Someone was learning golf at the Race Course, recently, walloped off the first tee and holed out in one. "Good heavens, old boy," said the coach, "marvellous! You are a famous man!" "H'm," said the beginner, who had been watching the ball in a wonderful curved flight, "I thought for a time I was going to miss the hole altogether."

Of course, this may not be really true, nor even original, but it came from a man who tells such a lot of strange things that one or two amongst the host ought to be near veracity and we will take a chance.

Sorrows of China

A contemporary informs us that Szechuen is on "tenderhooks." Poor Szechuen! Always having trouble of one sort or another. Still, it might have been worse—hooks of harder feelings, for instance.

Celestial Modernisation

One of our machine-boys blew in yesterday wearing a wrist-watch. It will be chewing-gum next week.

Agreed Unanimously

A bunch of good American and British sports were having a big argument in the Astor House on baseball, it having been contended from the cricket side that "the" game was only "glorified rounders." Its advocates were warm in defence—all save the usual meek man, who, when he could get a word in, queried blandly: "And what if it is?"

How About A Blue Ribbon, Monty?

Thanks dear Chin Chin; I like your grit.
But there's no chance to sign that chit.
For on the water cart I sit.
So-long old sport; Shake! Here's my mit.

MONTY

Strong and Merciful

The British Seamen's Union is not absolutely cold-blooded. The men insist on holding up Ramsay Macdonald and Jowett, but have permitted Mrs. Pankhurst and Annie Kenney to get on the way to Russia. Downing Street can be thankful for small mercies.

Exactness Saves Trouble

An advertisement in our columns makes the bare supplication: "Music lessons wanted. Send terms and particulars to so-and-so." We should like to see the particulars somebody well within earshot, but just out of bootshot of our tenement would dare to send in.

THE JOSS MAN.

Topics In Brief

Even in the science of retreating, Germany is leading the world.—*Washington Herald.*

The Russian people feel pretty safe from disorder now that the police are in jail.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Germans should consider that the falling-back habit in a soldier tends to develop homesickness.—*Boston Transcript.*

The destruction marking the German retirement would seem to indicate little hope of immediate recovery.—*Newark News.*

Germany might foil the carefully laid plans of the United States Navy by withdrawing all her U-boats.—*Philadelphia North American.*

The question yet to be determined is whether the Prussian diet will be revised to avert autocratic indigestion.—*Newark News.*

At all events the Kaiser has been more successful than Henry Ford in getting the boys out of the trenches.—*New York Tribune.*

Now that the Russians have started a republic, they'll find it a whole lot harder to retain their liberty than they did to get it.—*Boston Transcript.*

Try as they may, the Allies can't halt the German retreat. The Kaiser's army sweeps victoriously on toward home.—*Philadelphia North American.*

China's New Constitution
An Epochal Document

By M. T. Z. Tyau, LL.D. (London)
Lecturer on International Law, Tsing Hua College, Peking; and Author of "The Legal Obligations arising out of Treaty Relations between China and Other States" (in the press)

(Continued from Wednesday's The China Press.)

Right of Habeas Corpus

(2) "No citizens of the Republic of China shall be arrested, imprisoned, or detained in confinement, tried or punished or fined, except in accordance with the law. When a citizen is imprisoned or detained in confinement, application may be made to a judicial court for a writ of Habeas Corpus according to law." Here we have in a consolidated form the immortal principles of Article 39 of the English Magna Charta (1215) and, for the first time in a Chinese constitution, also of the Habeas Corpus Act (1679)—the palladium of a citizen's inallenable right to the freedom from illegal arrest or punishment. In the light of present experience, when the accused persons are detained in close confinement for at least two or three weeks before they are tried, one cannot be too sanguine over the hopes which may be legitimately cherished of this important right of Habeas Corpus.

This guarantee of individual liberty is stated comprehensively in the Brazilian constitution as follows:—"No arrest shall be made, except where the person is taken in the act, without previous indictment, unless otherwise permitted by law, and upon the written order of the proper authority. No one shall be kept in prison without charges having been formally filed against him, except in the cases prescribed by law, nor be taken to prison, or detained there if he will give proper bail, in cases where bail is lawful. No one shall be sentenced, except by a competent authority, and by virtue of a pre-existing law, and in the form prescribed by it. The law shall secure to the accused the fullest defence and all the resources and means essential thereto, including notice of the charge, to be delivered to the prisoner within twenty-four hours, signed by the competent authority, with the names of the accusers and witnesses" (Art. 72, sections 13-16). "The writ of habeas corpus shall always be granted when the individual suffers, or is in imminent danger of suffering, violence or coercion, through illegality or abuse of power." (*Ibid.*, sec. 22.)

Now this right of *Habeas Corpus* is, however, not restricted merely to the event "when the individual suffers, or is in imminent danger of suffering, violence or coercion, through illegality or abuse of power." That interpretation is too narrow. For the object of such a writ is to ensure that the accused shall have a speedy trial. The fear of this suffering from violence or foul play may hasten the application for the writ, but the purpose of the all-important parchment is to prevent a suspected person from being confined or detained without a formal trial, or from being detained as long as the gaolers or prison authorities do not see fit to give him a trial. The writ is a command issued by a competent court to the gaoler that "you have the body (*habeas corpus*) of the accused produced in court to show cause why he was committed to prison," etc. If no proper cause can be shown, then the accused is to be discharged; and if there is cause for a legal commitment, he may be bailed out, provided the offence is one which is not serious and admits of bailment. Such a writ, therefore, is a vital guarantee of personal freedom.

During the discussions of this article, it was suggested that the provision should be worded to read that the application for such a writ—literally, a *Pao Fu Chuang* or certificate of protection—may be made twenty-four hours after the commitment of the accused. Finally, it was decided to omit the mention of any time limit from the constitution, as it was felt that details of such a nature could be better left to the ordinary laws governing crimes and offences.

Inviolability of Residence And Correspondence

After the right of personal freedom comes the right to the inviolability of, first, residence and, then, correspondence. The provisions are short and pointed, and such inviolability can in no way be encroached upon except by due process of law.

These provisions are embodied in other constitutions as follows:—"The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized" (Article 4, American Amendments). "The house is the inviolable asylum of the person who inhabits it; without his consent no one shall enter it at night, except to aid the victims of a crime or disaster, or during the day, except in the cases and in the manner prescribed by law. The secrecy of correspondence is inviolable" (Art. 72, secs. 11, 18, Brazilian). "The house of every person residing in Chilean territory shall be an inviolable asylum, and may not be entered except for special cause determined by law, and by virtue of an order of the proper authority. Epistolatory correspondence shall be inviolable. No papers or effects shall be opened, intercepted, or searched, except in the cases expressly provided by law" (Arts. 137-138, Chilean 1833).

Freedom of Speech, etc.

Then come various other liberties. All citizens have the right to live where they like, or to remove their residences to anywhere they like. They may engage in any manner or form of trade or occupation, and this liberty shall not be curtailed except in accordance with law. They may form associations or organise peaceable assemblies, and they are entitled to the freedom of speech, authorship and publication—these are not to be restricted except in accordance with law.

These provisions are embodied in detail in the Brazilian and Mexican constitutions as follows:—"No one shall be forced to do, or not to do, anything, except by virtue of law. All persons shall have the right freely to associate and to meet together without arms, and the police shall not interfere except to preserve public order. The expression of opinion on all subjects, through the press or from the platform, shall be free without subjection to censorship, each one being responsible for the abuses which he may commit, in the cases and in the manner prescribed by law. Anonymous publications shall not be permitted" (Art. 72, secs. 1, 8, 12, Braz.). "Every one shall be free to engage in any honorable and useful profession, industrial pursuit, or occupation suitable to him, and to avail himself of its products. The exercise of these liberties shall not be hindered except by judicial sentence, when such exercise injures the rights of a third party, or by executive order issued in the manner specified by law, when it offends the rights of society. The expression of ideas shall not be the object of any judicial or administrative investigation, except in case it attacks morality, the rights of a third party, provokes some crime or misdemeanor, or disturbs public order. The liberty to write and to publish writings on any subject whatsoever is inviolable. No law or authority shall establish previous censorship, or require authors or printers to give bond, or restrict the liberty of the press, which shall have no other limits than respect for private life, morality, and the public peace" (Arts. 4, 6-7, Mex. 1857).

Right of Free Assembly

The right freely to associate and to meet together for a lawful purpose is construed most liberally in England. And this because the specific right of free assembly or public meeting is just as unknown to English law as the liberty of the press. "The right of assembling is nothing more than a result of the view taken by the courts as to individual liberty of person and individual liberty of speech. There is no special law allowing A, B, and C to meet together either in the open air or elsewhere for a lawful purpose, but the right of A to go where he pleases so that he does not commit a trespass, and to say what he likes to B so that his talk is not libellous or seditious, the right of B to do the like, and the existence of the same rights to C, D, E, and F, and so on *ad infinitum*, lead to the consequence that A, B, C, D, and a thousand or ten thousand other persons, may (as a general rule) meet together in any place where otherwise they each have a right to be for a lawful purpose and in a lawful manner" (Prof. A. V. Dicey, The Law of the Constitution 267).

The assembly must not be for an unlawful purpose. If, for example, its object is to commit a crime by open force, or in some way or other to break the peace, the people therein become at once conspirators, and the meeting an unlawful assembly. Or the manner of holding the meeting may threaten a breach of the peace on the part of those in the meeting, and therefore "inspire peaceable citizens with reasonable fear." If so, the meeting is also unlawful. For an illustration, we may cite the recent case here in Peking of the attempted coercion of Parliament on the part of a vast mob in front of the Parliament buildings. When this happens, the police can forthwith disperse the meeting, so as to preserve the peace or to prevent the peace from being broken. Hence the provision that the right of free assembly is not to be interfered with except to preserve public order, or in accordance with law.

The foregoing seems fairly straightforward. Now we come to more difficult questions. If the unlawful objects of the conspirators are evident or the element of illegality is apparent, the right of the police to interfere admits of no doubt. Nor is this preventive right of the police in question, if the participants of the meeting put peaceable citizens in reasonable fear of damage being likely to be done to their persons or property. For example, if the former march together in arms, or their intention clearly is to provoke, by word or deed, their opponents and excite them to break the peace. But "a meeting, which is not otherwise illegal, does not become an unlawful assembly solely because it will excite violent and unlawful opposition, and thus indirectly lead to a breach of the peace" (Dicey, *op. cit.*, 269). Suppose the Confucianists should decide to hold a meeting in Peking, and suppose they know that the Christians are going to prevent them from holding their meeting. The meeting of the former is lawful, so long as it is conducted in a lawful manner, and the fact that the latter are determined to commit an illegal wrong by trying to prevent that meeting does not render the former's meeting an unlawful assembly. This is the principle established in *Beatty v. Gillbanks* (1882)—a principle expressed as follows in a subsequent case by an Irish judge:—"An act innocent in itself, done with innocent intent, and reasonably incidental to the performance of a duty, to the carrying on of business, to the enjoyment of legitimate recreation, or generally to the exercise of a legal right, does not become criminal because it may provoke persons to break the peace, or otherwise to conduct themselves in an illegal way."

Of course if the Confucianists, in the course of their meeting, should use abusive language against the doctrines or the founder of Christianity, then their meeting is not conducted in a lawful manner. They will then be responsible for causing a breach of the peace on the part of the Christians. Suppose, however, that the lawful meeting of the Confucianists provokes a breach of the peace and there is no other way to preserve the meeting, except by dispersing the meeting. If so, the meeting may, it seems, be called upon to disperse by the police, and if the meeting is not dispersed, then it becomes from that moment an unlawful assembly. This can only be justified by the *necessity of the case*. For if the peace can be preserved by not breaking up an otherwise lawful assembly, then the police should arrest the wrong-doers and protect the Confucianists in the exercise of their lawful rights. (Cf. Dicey, *op. cit.*, 273-275.)

The foregoing is an attempt at summarising the English law on the right of free assembly. Such a right is stated almost laconically in the Chinese constitution. But it seems that when the constitution is interpreted, in the administration of the laws, the above principles will not fail to be applied.

(To Be Continued in Tomorrow's The China Press.)

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Both Decorative and Preservative
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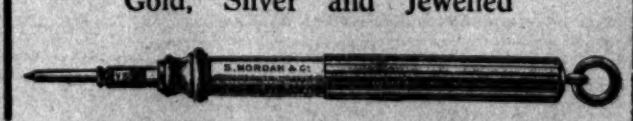

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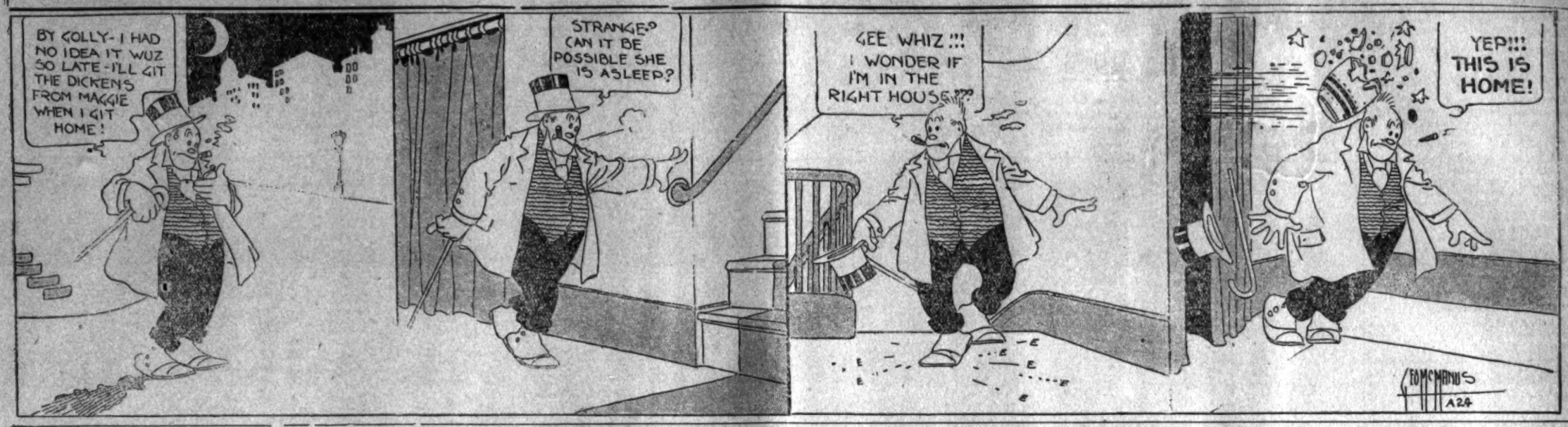
Bringing Up Father

By George McManus


BY GOLLY- I HAD NO IDEA IT WUZ SO LATE - I'LL GIT THE DICKENS FROM MAGGIE WHEN I GIT HOME!
STRANGE? CAN IT BE POSSIBLE SHE IS ASLEEP?
GEE WHIZ!!! I WONDER IF I'M IN THE RIGHT HOUSE???
YEP!!! THIS IS HOME!
GMCMANUS
A24

Hirsbrunner & Co.

1 NANKING ROAD.

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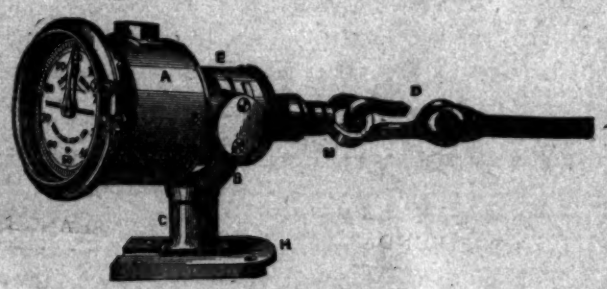

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Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Summertime Styles Incline Toward Quaint Ideas

New York, May 10.—Indications point to a run of quaint fashions for the Summer. It has been definitely settled that we are not to have any outflaring styles, and that straight lines are to supersede the erstwhile bell contour.

It is very probable that within the next few weeks we shall find the midsummer frocks without flounces, tunics or other appendages which heretofore have been considered more or less essential to the style quality of warm weather dresses.

This does not mean that the thin gowns will be without trimming. On the contrary, the Paris dress makers have taken care that the delicate hand embroideries which have been the hall mark of fine clothes for several seasons past will continue in vogue.

Despite the fact that embroideries have been much overdone in this country, they continue to be in demand, probably because the artist designers are constantly evolving new ideas, new motifs and new methods of application.

In addition to such decorations, there are being offered trimmings, that may be termed "tailor-made." These have to do with the pipings, bandings and ruchings of organdie, lawn and dimities. These are used in association with serges, foulards and satins, and appear in the most unexpected and charming ways, which are bound to give zest to the sartorial appreciation.

Take, for example, Cherult's charming model of foulard. The color is a delicate blue, a shade or two darker than the familiar Copenhagen, but not as dull as the royal blue. Over it is scattered floral motifs, which introduce tiny roses in faded pink, whose fragrant color is intensified by the tender green of the accompanying foliage.

While this model has the effect of being in one piece, it is, in reality, a two-piece garment. There is a skirt attached to a skeleton blouse of white silk, and this is finished with a chemise effect of white organdie drawn together with crocheted links where the chemisette is split at the throat.

Over this is worn a long, loose Chinese affair, also made of the foulard and slashed from hip to hem to give four distinct panels. The side panels hang at least two inches below the edge of the skirt proper, and all the panels are bound about with white organdie.

The fullness about the waist is irregularly confined by a series of close gathers in crenelated outline, back and front. Partly concealing these is a self-girdle knotted in front and having the ends fringed with white silk.

This model also exploits the return of the half sleeve cut rather wide at its terminal point and edged with the organdie. A great collar of the latter is attached to the Chinese slip, and this has a ring motif roughly impressed on the fabric with coarse threads put in by hand.

Another Paris couturier has combined organdie with dark blue serge, and, while one cannot altogether praise this alliance, at least it has the charm of novelty, and serves also to give a seasonable air to the garment.

While white is mostly used in association with silk or cloth, colored organdie has not been neglected by any means. One finds it principally in rose, old blue and orchid, combined with crepe de chine, foulard and the resuscitated crepe meteor. Also it is to be noted that the return of the guimpe frock has given impetus to organdies and kindred weaves.

Undoubtedly there is a disposition to treat the Summer wardrobe in the simplest fashion. Some women affect to do this because of the wish to economise during the period of war. This, however, has little to do with the cost of simple garments, since every one knows that it is easier to design a fussy dress than to evolve a simple frock whose style quality depends almost solely on fabric and on line distinction.

Women who have plenty of money should not make a pose of economy just now. It is always reprehensible to spend money if one cannot afford it, but if one does not have to count the dollars and cents it is wise to keep them in circulation, and thereby help those who are in need of work. Hysterical alarm and ruthless economy is harmful rather than beneficial.

With the idea of appealing to women of artistic instincts who have money to spend for tentative fashions, a group of women craftsmen have been holding expositions of simple garments, which are in several instances made of materials hand woven, hand dyed and entirely put together by hand.

The cost of these is not small, but, on the other hand, it is no greater than that asked for the garment manufactured by the wholesale, and necessarily lacking individual distinction. It will be some time, however, before any group of artists or designers will be able to evolve just the right sort of model combining the esthetic qualities with the practical. In due time this will be worked out doubtless. At present the models shown are meant for those who have studios or whose vocation keeps them principally indoors or in country homes.

To be sure, these unusually beautiful but not practical garments may be worn beneath the great enveloping coat, and thereby made applicable to street wear. It may be this is what the designers have in mind, and with a little educational work they may be able to induce patrons to accept the same point of view.

You need not be an Expert

to be able to pick the babies out who have been brought up on

Condensed Milk

Babies who have been fed, during the first twelve months of their lives, on this pure rich milk from disease-free cows, are healthy and sturdy, and able to withstand the many infantile maladies to which they are subject in this country.

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All Over The World

A Western United States philosopher has explained for the benefit of countless thousands of curious men, why women are, as a rule, such bargain hunters. "Suppose," he puts it, "a married man was expected to buy $10 worth of things with the $2 his wife allows him weekly, wouldn't he be looking for bargains, too?" There is something in that.

How many times Mexico will have to prove that its disposition toward the United States is not unfriendly, but, rather, quite the contrary before disappointed Mexican concession seekers and concession holders north of the border shall cease to misrepresent it, is more than anybody can tell. But, in ordering Germans not to concentrate at or near the international line, under penalty of arrest, evidence of the falsity of recent imputations against the Carranza Government is supplied. President Carranza has deeply offended certain interests in the United States, that would, if they could, exploit the natural resources of his country, as they have exploited the natural resources of their own land, and for this reason the finger of unwarranted suspicion is constantly pointed at him. It is pleasant and encouraging to learn from Washington that the United States Government no longer pays attention to rumors of Mexico's "perfidy."

As an evidence of good faith, and not necessarily for publication, Chicago has sent to Boston a first installment of the 2,500 recruits ready to be shipped from the Great Lakes training station. This station occupies one of the most charming sites on Chicago's North Shore, sometimes spoken of as the Hudson River District of that city. When the institution gets well under way, the shipments of naval recruits from the Middle West will necessitate larger and better receiving stations along the Atlantic Coast than are provided at present.

Not a Bad Idea

A young man went to a dentist the other day to have several teeth extracted. "I suppose I ought to take something to deaden the pain, but I'm afraid of this gas you use," said the prospective patient.

The dentist reassured him and wound up with: "You'll only be unconscious two or three minutes at pocketbook."

"Never mind that now," said the the most." The patient took out his dentists; "you can pay men when I've finished."

"I wasn't going to pay you," exclaimed the patient. "I was going to count my money."

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TO ASK BRITAIN FOR £394,853,200 CREDIT

Will Cover Expenditure During Third Quarter; Increase Advances to £4,000,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—The Government will shortly ask for credits to the amount of £394,853,200 for the third quarter of 1917, making the total since the beginning of the war £4,000,000,000, including advances to the Allies.

15,000 Railway Hands To Join British Forces

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—The Times understands that, at the end of last week, 15,000 railwaymen were released for military service. There has been some friction, but, owing to a give-and-take spirit, there is no doubt that the full quota of railwaymen will be furnishable towards the half-million fresh troops demanded by the end of July.

Music For Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Public Garden, today, beginning at 5.30 p.m.

1.—March "The Oriental Patrol" Kaps.
2.—Overture "La Dame Blanche" Boieldieu.
3.—Waltz "The Lovers" .....Kaps.
4.—Selection "Pinafore" .....Sullivan.
5.—(a) Song "There is a Green Hill far Away" .....Gounod.
(b) Polka "Sea Breeze" ...Wheeler.
6.—Selection "Maritana" .....Wallace.

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-charge.

A CORRECTION

In Sunday's report of Judge Lobingier's ruling in a mandamus case reference was made to the "Raven Co." This was a misunderstanding as the company was not the applicant for the mandamus, which was in regard to refusal to file articles of incorporation for a proposed banking business. Mr. F. J. Raven and others were the parties concerned.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

HERE - HERE - WHAT IS THIS - A PERSON WOULD THINK THAT YOU WERE STARVED
Y-E-S DO COME OVER AGAIN MRS. NUTT - Y-ES - WE WILL GOOD BYE
OH I'M GLAD THEVRE GONE I CAN EAT NOW
DID JU GIT ENUF TA EAT CHARLIE?
NAW - I WAS STARVIN - GEE THEY KEP LOOKIN AT ME AN' I WAS AFRAID TA EAT - I GOT SOME NOW THOUGH
CRUNCH CRUNCH
AD 20
INDOOR SPORTS.
MAKING A GREAT DRIVE ON THE DINNER TABLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE GUESTS DEPART

Maj. Redmond Insisted On Fighting Actively

Was on Staff, But Left to Lead Own Men; Fell Whilst Heading Charge

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 12.—The Queen has written, expressing her condolence to Mrs. William Redmond. It appears that Major William Redmond was serving on the Staff, but, prior to the battle of Messines, urgently insisted that he should be permitted to go into action with his regiment. He was leading his men to an attack on Wytschaete Wood when he was struck by a fragment of a shell and died without recovering consciousness. He was buried in a village behind the fighting line.

FIRE LOSS SHOWS LOWER PERCENTAGE THAN 1916

Damage in May of This Year Less in Proportion To Amounts at Risk

With nearly four times as many calls and more than four times as much property at risk the Fire Brigade in May still made a considerable cut in the percentage of loss, compared with the corresponding month in 1916.

The total number of calls responded to were 40 for the month, as against 12 for May, 1916, and the entire damage to property, foreign and Chinese, is estimated at Tls. 18,800. The property at risk was put at Tls. 266,000. A year ago the loss was Tls. 6,050 for a property risk of Tls. 61,000.

Two fatalities in connection with fires were recorded. These were of a 2 year old child, left asleep in a burning dwelling, and a youth, who was found dead after a small blaze on East Yuhang Road.

Seven houses were destroyed, twenty-six damaged, and 125,720 gallons of water used in fighting the flames.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikuzen M. June 15
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. June 19
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. June 21
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru June 22
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Nippon M. June 15
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. June 22
For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kamo Maru June 18
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kashima M. June 24

The American mail is due here on or about June 16, per O.S.K. s.s. Hawaii Maru.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinming from Chefoo:—Mr. W. H. Carnen.

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinfung from Tientsin:—Mr. and Mrs. Brady, Messrs. Hanan, and Miner.

Per N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo:—Mr. C. H. Tricker.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo:—Mr. P. Jerningon, Mrs. Wm. Hughes, and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sarty.

FISHING BOAT PREVENTS AIR RAID UPON ENGLAND

Drifter Under Lieut. H. Bell-Irving Scatters Five German Seaplanes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June June 12.—It is officially notified that Lieutenant H. Bell-Irving, of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, was in command of the drifter which tackled the enemy seaplanes mentioned in a communique issued by the Admiralty last night. It is worthy of note that this is the first time in the war that it has been officially recorded that a fishing-vessel has successfully attacked aeroplanes.

It is unofficially reported that the five seaplanes were planning a raid on England when they were thus intercepted and scattered. This is another example of the unceasing vigilance and daring inspiring all branches of the Service.

Damaged U-Boat Is Salved by Spaniards

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Cadiz, June 12.—A Spanish torpedo-boat has towed in a German submarine, with its engines damaged.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper of genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."
J. E. SIMPSON, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, and always obtain the desired result."
F. GERALD BLATTNER, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."
J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"I have prescribed Castoria to families for several years. It is all right. Mothers like it, for children will take it without any trouble."
C. A. WILSON, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and efficient laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood."
CHAS. EDWARD GARDINER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."
J. A. BOARMAN, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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or "THE TRIUMPH OF PROGRESS"

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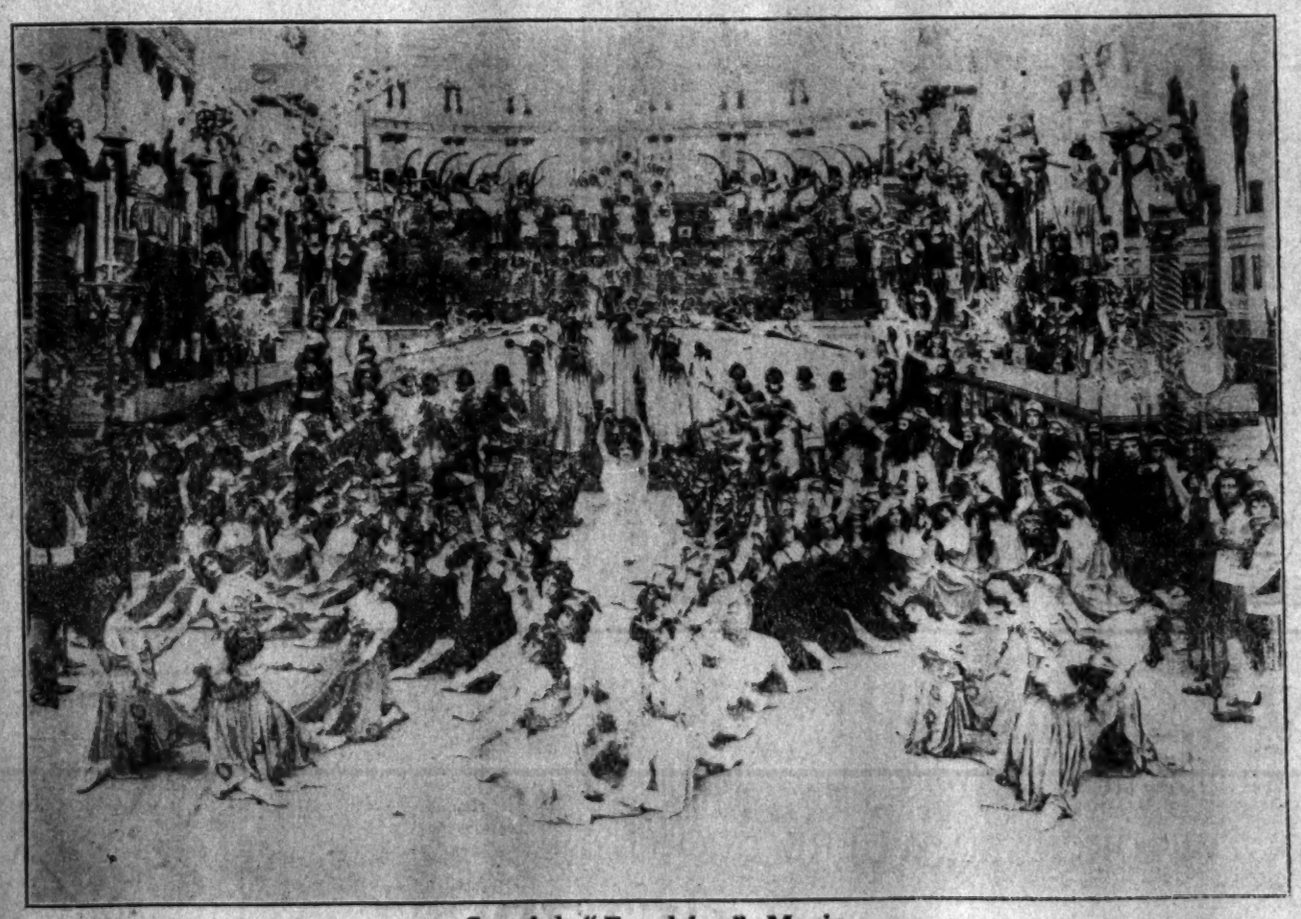

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"Charlie The Count"

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An Original Comedy, Presenting a tornado of fun and laughter.

TURKS EQUIPPED FOR CAMPAIGN IN GALICIA FIGHTING IN PALESTINE

Gaza Turned Into Modern Fortress; Hard Work For The British

By W. T. Massey

Before Gaza April 21.

The biggest battle in all Palestine's long history is being fought before Gaza. Though we have only fought the first phase it is clear that we are engaged upon the hardest struggle in this age-worn battle area.

We have gained our first line, which we are consolidating, but apparently there is a period of trench warfare ere we reach the important system of trenches which has lately been cut to turn Gaza into a modern fortress.

We have paid the price for our gains, but we have inflicted very heavy casualties on the Turks, whose counter-attacks have been repulsed with sanguinary losses. With conditions pre-eminently favorable for the defence, an early decision before Gaza must not be expected.

This latest move by the Egypt Force has had far greater effect on the world war than merely to fill the Turkish trenches with dead. Enemy troops have been brought from the Caucasus to the Palestine theater: we have the clearest evidence that Turkish prisoners dressed in a warm, German-made uniform are part of a division equipped in Constantinople for Galicia; and the Egypt Force has also drawn away a Turkish division from the Russian front.

The Turks are known to have five divisions of infantry and considerable cavalry in the Gaza neighborhood. Gaza is strongly held, and there are other infantry at Huj, Hareira, and Sharia, and cavalry at Beersheba in a crescent-shaped line, ready to assist in the defence of Samson's city or make a flank attack.

The positions we have had to attack on the Gaza front could not be stronger if the whole country had been built up for defence. There are sand dunes two miles deep between the sea and the town, an extraordinary variety of redoubts, trenches, and pits covering the western town, while the Samson Ridge, 3,000 yards to the south-west, is strongly held by secure enemy observation posts.

Country Is Most Difficult

The whole country is extremely difficult for cavalry, and constitutes a continuous bottle-neck full of deep ravines, but the part played by the mounted troops in these disadvantageous circumstances has been superb.

Soon after daybreak on the 17th our movement began. A war vessel assisted the shore batteries to cover a short advance by the infantry to take up the positions from which we might hope to secure our first objective at a subsequent date. The operations were brilliantly successful, and we got to our mark on the sand dunes quickly and reached the positions in front in a few minutes and took the Sheikh Abbas Ridge by 7.30 with remarkably small casualties. The cavalry were out on the right during this blazing hot morning, but it was impossible to hide them owing to every movement raising dense columns of dust.

On the 18th, while the country was obscured by dust clouds, we made ready for the next advance, sending considerable supplies forward. The bombardment of the outer trenches of Gaza began as the sun lifted over the black hills of Judea on the 19th. From sea and land shells of all calibers up to 11in. tore slits in the elaborate defences. The infantry attacks were launched at 8.30. On the left we gained the Samson ridge and found the trenches full of Turkish dead. Enemy observation posts were seized towards Alimuntar. South of Gaza progress was slower, but Scottish troops went forward with splendid steadiness under desperately heavy machine gun fire, and ultimately advanced 2,000 yards to an outpost hill south of Alimuntar, where they have consolidated their gains.

Between 9 and 10 I saw a tank go into action against a green hill near a warren in front of Alimuntar. She stood with her nose poised in the air across a trench down which the crew poured rapid fire right and left, and then crossed the trench and turned south. The Austrian gunners turned an immense volume of fire on the tank. For several minutes I lost sight of her, but presently she emerged towards our lines. Then a second succession of rapid fire enveloped her, and when the fire ceased she had disappeared. I thought she had been smashed to pieces, but I learn that she dropped back into a trench we had captured. The enemy had hit her.

During the day our mounted troops were heavily engaged. The Turks made five desperate counter-attacks with infantry against them and the camel corps, and though inflicting considerable losses on us must have suffered very severe casualties.

Near the villages east of Gaza Turkish division came again and again to break through, but our mounted troops resisted magnificently.

Handful Stops Large Force

One heroic episode was an effort by 60 men of the Camel Corps. The enemy concentrated considerable forces at one spot to break through. A junior officer of the corps saw the preparation and took his men forward with two machine guns up a grassy slope to prevent an advance. With no cover the small party crept on stealthily, undeterred by murderous machine-gun fire in what was a forlorn hope. Tremendous shell fire fell about them, but the party gradually becoming smaller pressed on until within 300 yards.

The crest was lined with scores of machine guns and hundreds of riflemen. There they stopped and kept the Turks from issuing to the attack. For an hour and a half this gradually reduced band staved off an attack until everyone had been hit. Most of them were, killed, and the wounded fell into Turkish hands. But it was too late in the day for the Turks to get through.

Yesterday we engaged the enemy all along the line, though not on the same scale as on the previous day. The enemy had his own ideas of "pushing" us into the sea. A counter-attack from Hareira did not occur because of aerial activity. From a certain spot four of our machines with 48 bombs and an escorting aeroplane went forth to deliver a loud message to Hareira, and found about 3,000 infantry and 800 cavalry drawn up in a Wadi in mass awaiting the order to move. The escorting aeroplane soared high to the spot, while the bombers swooped down to take accurate aim. The escorter says that 47 out of 48 bombs fell direct on the troops, causing death, destruction, and panic to the remnants.

British Palestine Plan

Paris, April 29.—The Matin says: "We read in the Turkish communique of Tuesday: 'On April 20 (yesterday week) an enemy cruiser and transport appeared off Acre [coast of Palestine, whence a railway runs to Gaza, 110 miles to the south]. After a violent bombardment with a kind of projectile which spread poison gas, a detachment of 2,000 men twice attempted to reach our lines.'

"It is quite possible that this operation, as to which the British Headquarters Staff has not yet informed us, is due to the well-known spirit of inventiveness of the Turks. It would, however, be fairly logical, because Acre is connected by railway with Haifa, from which the line proceeds to Jerusalem.

"British squadrons and aeroplanes are displaying particular vigilance on this coast, and a landing at Acre might be the beginning of an occupation of the Syrian coast against which the Turk would be helpless." *Exchange.*

Acre, once a famous seaport, has now a population of only 12,000 and a harbor choked with sand. It is mentioned on the Egyptian monuments as tributary to Egypt in 1500 B.C., in the Tell-el-Amarna correspondence of a century later, and in Judges, in the Old Testament, but it was never conquered by the Jews.

Richard Cœur de Lion took it from the Arabs in 1191; Napoleon unsuccessfully besieged it in 1799; and in 1840 it was bombarded by a British fleet to force the Egyptians, who had seized it, to restore it to Turkey.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1917

Date and Place	Per	Chi.	British	French	Ger.	U.S.A.	Russian	Japan	Regist
Today									
Europe via Siberia (Post Train)	†Via Pukow	..	7.00*	..	..	..	..	..	5(13th)
River Ports	Kiangwah	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Shenckina	8.30*	9.00*	..	..	..	..	..	8.30*
Newchwang	Sungkiang	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Tientsin (Every day except Sunday)		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hankow (Every day)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	11.30*	..	10.00
Peking and Tientsin (Every day)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	5.00
Hankow		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ningpo	Kiangteen	8.30	3.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow									
Japan via Nagasaki	Chikusen maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	H9.00	3.30
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Japan ports	Chikzuen maru	8.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	5.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nippon maru	..	..	..	..	A2.00	..	..	1.00
River Ports	Loongwo	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Swatow, Hongkong and Canton	Wingsang	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
San Francisco via Japan & Honolulu	Nippon maru	1.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	12.30
Swatow and Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe			2.00		..	..		..	1.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	Hsinfung	9.00	5.00	5.00	..	..	5.00	..	9.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Saturday, June 16.									
Swatow, Hongkong and Canton	Tamsui	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Fengtien	8.30*	9.00*	..	..	..	..	..	8.00*
Swatow via Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	..	..	..	..	..	5.00	..	4.30
River Ports	Poyang	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sunday, June 17.									
Europe via Siberia (Post Train)	†Via Pukow	..	7.00*	..	..	..	..	..	5(16th
Monday, June 18.									
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	H9.00	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	5.30
Swatow, Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	Kamo maru	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Hongkong, Southern Ports, Australia, the Straits, Ceylon and India	Kamo maru	8.00				..	..	..	5.00
Tuesday, June 19.									
Japan Ports	Chikugo maru	8.30*	..	..	..	..	..	..	6(18th)
Wednesday, June 20									
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	H9.00	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	5.30

†Letters forwarded by this route only when specially marked.

An asterick (*) denotes a.m.

A Postal money orders until 12 noon and parcel post until 11 a.m.

E Registration 8.30 p.m. Supplementary mails closed at 7 a.m. following day.

H Letters and boxes with declared value 8.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

British Post Office.—Until further notice the ordinary and registered letter mails for Europe via Pukow and Siberia will be closed at 5 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. There will be a supplementary receipt of unregistered correspondence between 8.30 and 9 o'clock on the same evening during which time the office will be open for the sale of stamps only.

Chinese Post Office.—Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier. A supplementary mail of ordinary correspondence only will be closed on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m.

Japanese Post Office.—Until further notice a mail will be despatched for Europe, via Dalny, every Tuesday morning, and via Pukow and Mukden, by the night-train on Wednesday and Saturday.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 a.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.-C. s.s. Wingsang left Hongkong for Shanghai via Swatow on Sunday morning.

The C.M. s.s. Taishun left Foochow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean left Foochow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I.-C. s.s. Koonshing lfet Tientsin for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorow.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorow.

The N.Y.K. Yokohama-Shanghai line s.s. Chikuzen Maru, with mails left Nagasaki for Shanghai on Tuesday, and may be expected to arrive at N.Y.K. wharf today, about 6 a.m. She will be despatched for Nagasaki on Saturday, June 16.

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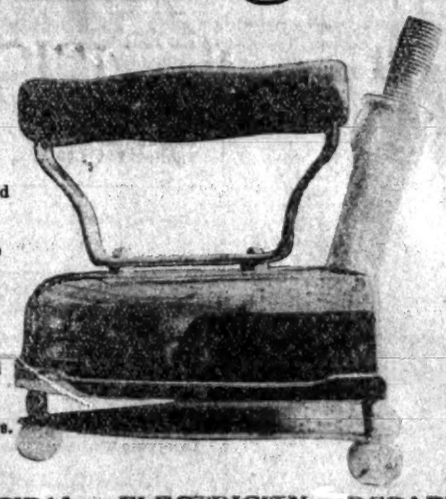

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BATTLE-SHIP in green — STAR DECORATION in green — HAPPINESS in blue and red

To avoid imitation, the public are cautioned to note the above illustrations which are printed on each sack of the respective brands, viz: The "Battle-ship" and the "Star Decoration" are in green print, while the "Happiness" is in blue and red. Samples furnished free on application to our head office, 49 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai. Best attention given to enquiries for quotations, and orders promptly executed.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$645 S.
Chartered	£9 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6.30 B.
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 340 B.
North China	Tls. 140 S.
Union of Canton	Tls. 860
Yangtsze	$220
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$146 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 327½
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 128
Indo-China Def.	109s.
"Shell"	Tls. 16.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 46½
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 30 S.
Kochien	
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10 B.
Oriental Cons.	27/6.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80.
Raub	$2.45
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$121½ Sa.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 90½ B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 71 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 76 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 83½ B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 80 B.
Weihaiwei Land	[illegible] 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$83¾ B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 52.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 157½ Sa.
E-wo Pref.	Tls. 100
International	Tls. 90 B.
International Pref.	Tls. 68.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 70.
Oriental	Tls. 36 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 123½ Sa.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14¾ Sa.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 5½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 95
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23.
China Sugar	$100 Sa.
Green Island	Tls. 7.70 B.
Langkats	Tls. 13¼ B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5.
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 140 S.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$16½ B.
Llewellyn	$80.
Lane, Crawford	$95 B.
Moutrie	$35.
Watson	$6 B.
Weeks	Tls. 15.40 B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 11½
Amherst	Tls. 1 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5.30 B.
Ayer Taweh	Tls. 38 S.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1.10 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4 B.
Bute	Tls. 1.10 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1¼ B.
Chempedak	Tls. 11½
Cheng	Tls. 3
Consolidated	Tls. 2.90 B.
Dominion	Tls. 11 Sa.
Guia Kalumpong	Tls. 8 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 21½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 6½ Sa.
Kapala	Tls. 0.90.
Kapayang	Tls. 38
Karan	Tls. 12.30
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 9 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 18¾ B.
Padang	Tls. 15 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 10¾ B.
Permata	Tls. 3.80
Repah	Tls. 1.10 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 1 B.
Seekee	Tls. 7¼ B.
Semambu	Tls. 1½ Sa.
Senawang	Tls. 14¼ B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.90 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7 B.
S'hai Malay-pref.	Tls. 12½ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1¾ B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.65 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 11¾.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 6 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.90 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.80 Sa.
Taiping	Tls. 2 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.15 B.
Tebong	Tls. 21½ S.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½.
Ziangbe	Tls. 6 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2.
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 73½
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 23½ B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30.
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 80½ Sa.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 250 B.

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Telephone No. 395.

"BICKERTON'S"

PRIVATE HOTEL

Established 22 years.

102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 13, 1917.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate	
@ 89½ = Tls.	1.12
@ 72.9 = Mex.	$1.53
Mex. dollars: Market rate	72.7
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1801
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 3/8½ = Tls.	5.42
exch. @ 72.9 = Mex. $	7.43
Peking Bar	278.5
Native Interest	.03

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	39 1/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex., Paris on London Fr.	27.17
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T. $	476 7/16
Consols £	—

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3/8½
London	Demand	3/8 15/16
India	(nominal T.T.	273½
Paris	T.T.	504½
Paris	Demand	505
New York	T.T.	88¼
New York	Demand	88⅝
Hongkong	T.T.	66⅛
Japan	T.T.	58
Batavia	T.T.	212½

Bank's Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	3/10
London	4 m-s. Docy.	3/10½
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	3/10½
London	6 m-s. Docy.	3/10⅝
Paris	4 m-s.	520
New York	4 m-s.	91⅝

The following are the Customs Rates of Exchange to the end of June:—

£1 = Hk. Tls.		5.03
Hk. Tls. 1 = Francs		5.40
" " 1 = Marks		4.41 (nom.)
Gold $ 1 = Hk. Tls.		1.06
Hk. Tls. 1 = Yen		1.85
" " 1 = Rupees		2.98
" " 1 = Roubles		3.56
" " 1 = Mex. $		1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, June 13, 1917.

Official

Shanghai Cotton Tls. 123.50
Telephones Tls. 80.50 XD.
Semambus Tls. 1.50
Shanghai Serembens Tls. 0.80
Ewo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 157.50
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 14.75

Unofficial

Almas Tls. 11.10
Chemors Tls. 1.25
Kamunitngs Tls. 6.50
Taiping Tls. 2.00

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

BUSSINESS DONE

Shanghai, June 13, 1917.

Official

Samagagas @ Tls. 1.00 cash

Direct

Java Consolidated @ Tls. 21.75 June
Oriental Tls. 34.50 cash
Langkats Tls. 15.25 cash

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, June 12.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 9⅛d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 10d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Quiet.
Previous Quotation, London, June 11:—
Spot: 2s. 10d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 10⅛d. Sellers.
Tendency of Market: Dull.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, June 11.—Today's silver prices were as follows:—

Bar Silver Spot: 38⅝d. Scarcity Offering, Firm.
Previous Quotation, London, June 9:—
Bar Silver Spot: 38⅛d. Short supplies, Steady.

N. Y. K. MAY RESUME SERVICE TO FRANCE

Merchants Demand It, Since Co-operation Of Navy Became Known

Since it has become known that the Japanese navy is co-operating with the Allied navies in the Mediterranean, many merchants trading with France have renewed their efforts to persuade the Nippon Yusen Kaisha to despatch some of its steamers to Marseilles.

Owing to the combined Allied navy which is now patrolling in the Mediterranean, the danger of navigation has been considerably decreased, these merchants believe. This theory is also upheld in certain official quarters in Tokio. Moreover, in view of important trade relations between France and Japan, which have been nearly at a standstill since last October when the N.Y.K. stopped the service to Marseilles, the government here is carefully considering the matter. Conferences have been held between the Department of Communications and the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, as a result of which they are said to favor reviving calls at Marseilles by some of the N.Y.K. steamers.

It is reported that the N.Y.K. has decided to despatch the Hakata Maru for Marseilles, sailing from Yokohama at the latter part of this month. She will be armed as most of the N.Y.K. steamers which are running in the danger zones. Inquiries made by The Japanese Advertiser brought the reply from a leading official of the N.Y.K. that he believed the truth of the rumor, although he was not yet authorised to announce the exact date of the liner's departure.

On her way to Yokohama from New York by way of Panama and Vladivostock, the Hakata Maru will arrive at Yokohama June 10. Since the N.Y.K. stopped sending steamers to Marseilles the trade between France and Japan has been maintained by the Messageries Maritimes, the only steamship line now regularly running between Marseilles and Yokohama v'a Oriental ports.

Tobacco Factory For Tientsin

To meet the increased demands in China for its products the To-A Tobacco Company has decided to erect a factory at Tientsin. For this the company has already bought a tract of land in the Japanese settlement in that city, and will shortly commence the construction of the factory building there. At present the company has a factory at Yingchow, but its productive capacity is not enough to meet all demands in China for the company's products.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

Copies of the Directors' Report, Revenue Account and Balance Sheet may be obtained on application in person or in writing to the Managers

Head Office,
10 Canton Road,
— Shanghai.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

WE

SELL LAND
COLLECT RENTS
NEGOTIATE LOANS
INSURE PROPERTY

CHINA INVESTMENT CO.,
13 NANKING ROAD,
'Phone 4757

S. M. R. PLANS TO INCREASE CAPITAL

20,000,000 Yen To Be Added—Amalgamation With Other Lines Rumored

The South Manchuria Railway Company has decided to increase its capital. This step will be recommended to the shareholders at an annual meeting to be held on the premises of the Teikoku Railway Association, Marunouchi, June 16, together with the business report for 1916 and the plans for the distribution of the year's surplus profit.

The company has planned many new undertakings for the present year. The increase in expenditure consequently amounts to 18,000,000 yen. The present scheme for the increase in the company's capital has been drawn up for the purpose of making good a shortage in the company's resources. A rumor is afloat that money is needed by the company because the company will shortly have to amalgamate with the Government Railway in Chosen and also a certain foreign line, but this is not believed generally.

The increase in the capital will be made by the issue of 200,000 new shares representing 20,000,000 yen to the original shareholders of the company registered in the shareholders' list on September 1 at the rate of one new share to every three of old shares. The shareholders subscribing to the new shares are required to send in their applications by September 18.

Cotton Market Report

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co., write as follows in their weekly Cotton market Report:—

Chinese Cotton.—The excitement in the Cotton and yarn Markets during the past week has been most extraordinary and Cotton prices have advanced over Tls. 5 per picul during the interval, Japanese merchants being prominently identified as the largest buyers.

The Liverpool and American Markets are likewise advancing and from cables to hand from India we understand that the market there is also excited, under the circumstances it would be futile to give any forecast as the market is now entirely in the hand of the Bulls and the situation will therefore depend on news from America from day to day. Meanwhile stocks both in Hankow and Tientsin are reported to be practically exhausted. Tone of the market excited.

Liverpool:—

Egyptian Cotton, F. G. F. Brown	27.60
Price of Fine M. C. Bengal	12.85
Price of Mid-Americans	15.86
Price of Mid-Americans last reported	15.51

Tone of market, strong.

New York Market:—

Price of Mid-American. July	24.44
Price of Mid-American. October	23.89

Tone of market, firm.

Indian market:—

July-Aug.-Sept. shipments Rs.

Broach	90
Hinganghat	87
Yoetmal	83
Akola	81
Nagpore	86
F. Bengal	72

Market Strong.

Yesterday's Silk Market

Chop and Grade:	Price.
Gold Windmill, 1.	690.75
Black Horse, 2.	660.00
Yuan Shih-k'ai and Republican Flag	690.00
Blue Fish, 1, 2, 3.	670.00
Stars and Stripes and Indian	605.00
Red Motor Car, E. 1.	665.00
Red Peacock, E. 1.	675.00
Gold Bell, E. 1.	667.50
Yellow Bat, E. 1.	657.50
Flying Eagle and Pagoda	657.50
H. R. Meinyang 1/3	405.00
Cloud and Horse	690.00

AMERICAN DRAFT LAW TAKES AGES 21 TO 30

Senate and House Conferees Agreed, May 10, Eliminating Roosevelt Division

PROHIBITION COMPROMISE

Liquors Excluded From Army Posts; Sale Barred to Men In Uniform

Light is thrown on the provisions of the Draft Law under which over 10,000,000 Americans registered for war service last Tuesday, by the following from The New York Times of May 11:

Washington, May 10.—The long deadlock between Senate and House managers over the Draft bill came to an end today and the resulting agreement on the measure was reported to both Houses. The agreement shows that the Senators of the Conference Committee, unwilling longer to delay enactment of the bill providing for new armies, yielded to the compromise proposed by the conference yesterday.

While the conference report will be opposed in both Houses, it is expected that it will be adopted without much delay, and that the President's signature will make the bill a law early next week.

After the President has affixed his signature, registration of those eligible for conscription will be under way throughout the country. Some States already have selected their Registration Boards, and the War Department has erected a vast and intricate war machine for assigning and organising the conscripts.

The conference agreement eliminates all proposals for the raising of volunteer units, including the division Colonel Roosevelt hoped to command, but an easy way is left open for President Wilson to give the Colonel a General's commission in the authorised forces.

The age limits for the draft are fixed at from 21 to 30 years, both inclusive, making the draft applicable to all male voters under 31. Substantial increases in the pay of enlisted men of the army are authorised to become effective on June 1 and the Administration's promise that enlistments in the National Guard and the regular army shall be only for the duration of the present emergency is written into the bill.

The increasing importance of the machine gun in modern warfare is recognised in a new provision more than doubling the allotment of machine gun units to infantry and cavalry orgnisations. At present there is one machine gun company or troop to each infantry or cavalry regiment. The new provision authorises the President to raise three additional machine gun units for each brigade of cavalry or infantry, thus doubling the brigade allowance, and four additional units for each infantry or cavalry division. As there are three regiments to a brigade and three brigades to a division, with four machine guns to each machine gun unit, the bill provides for twenty-two machine gun troops or companies, with a total of eighty-eight machine guns for every infantry or cavalry division.

Power to Appoint Generals

The provision under which the President may make Colonel Roosevelt or any other citizen a General in the authorised forces is retained from the Senate bill as Section 8. Under its terms "the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, is authorised to appoint for the period of the existing emergency such general officers of appropriate grades as may be necessary for duty with brigades, divisions, and higher units in which the forces provided for herein may be organised."

Some supporters of the provision to permit Colonel Roosevelt to raise and command volunteers have admitted that they felt a little embarrased at being called upon to advocate a general draft measure, with an exception made in favor of the ex-President. It has been suggested that this situation might be met if the Colonel, instead of asking for command of volunteers, simply applied for a commission in the other forces. No intimation has been received of the Colonel's attitude on this point.

Apportionment of the quotas of the several stations is handled in several modified provisions. This apportionment will be based upon the population of the States and not upon "population available for military service," as set forth in the Senate bill. Citizens of a State enlisted in the regular army will not be credited to that State in fixing its quota, nor will enlistments in the National Guard be credited except to the strength of citizens who were in the Federal service as National Guardmen on April 1, 1917. In other words, recruits enlisted since that date, to bring the National Guard units up to war strength or recruits for National Guard units, will not reduce the number of men that State must supply under the draft.

May Register by Mail.

The conference agreement provides that troops, except in the regular army, shall be grouped and officered as far as practicable, according to local political divisions of the country. Persons not actually at their legal residences on the day set aside for registration are permitted to register by mail. The House provision is adopted prohibiting all bounties for enlistments and all discharges is omitted, and the President is empowered to require persons exempted on religious grounds to perform any duty he proclaims to be non-combatant.

To avoid embarrassment during the period between the signing of a treaty of peace and actual readjustments of normal peace time the language of the bill is changed so that everything in it—enlistments, drafts, and the like are for the duration of this "emergency" instead of for the duration of the war.

The House accepted most of the Senate provisions restricting the use of intoxicants near army posts, and empowering the Secretary of War to close disorderly houses in the neighborhood. The prohibition provision forbids any one to have intoxicants in his possession at an army post or to sell it to an officer or enlisted man of the army while the soldier is in uniform. The Senate's prohibition against giving away intoxicants is abandoned. There is no prohibition against drinking, as such.

Fire Bells Are Ringing!

— and Mr. Knott Insured says: "Maybe they are going to my house, and I haven't taken out that policy."

We Write
Fire
Insurance

FIRE
BURGLARY
MOTOR CAR

"Better see us before it happens"

RAVEN TRUST CO., LTD.
INSURANCE
15 Nanking Rd. Phone 60

Vessels To Arrive

From London

Atsuta Maru ..... June 26
Suwa Maru ..... June 13

From San Francisco

Colombia ..... June 30

From Tacoma

Canada Maru ..... July 4
Mexico Maru ..... June 27

From Seattle

Kamakura Maru ..... June 25
Yokohama Maru ..... July 18

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

15 Nanking Rd. Phone 60.

Resources ..... Tls. 470,000

LOANS AND MORTGAGES
We can arrange loans for any amount from Tls. 5,000 up on first class real estate security.

YOUR WILL
Let us draw your will today. If you put it off till too late, your property may not be divided as you would like to have it.

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Fire.
Life
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Fidelity
Rates on application.

TRUST DEPARTMENT
Writes wills.
Administers estates.
Acts as guardian for children.
Executes every trust with fidelity.

STOCK AND BOND DEPARTMENT
Advises regarding purchase of stocks and bonds.
Purchases stocks and bonds for clients.
Sells stocks and bonds for clients.
Collects dividends on shares for clients.

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We have for sale, in amounts of Tls. 20 or more, Preference Shares paying interest at 7%.

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One room at 15 Nanking Road.
Two rooms at 15 Nanking Road.
One private flat of three large rooms at 15 Nanking Road.

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

15 Nanking Rd. Phone 60.

Banking Announcements

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore,	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.

7 Nanking Road.

9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kumping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HWA,
Manager.

中 孚 銀 行
Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head Office: Tientsin

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid up Capital	$1,900,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Hankow
Shanghai	Hongkong
Nanking	Canton
Hsuchow	Pengpu
Yangchow	Chinkiang
Ningpo	Hangchow
Tientsin	Shaohsing

Shanghai Branch
44, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN,
Manager.
T. D. ZAR,
Sub-manager.

SUMITOMO BANK,
LIMITED
SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up)	Yen 15,000,000
Reserve	Yen 1,470,000
Deposits	Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niihama, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA.
Manager.

Tel. No. 3336 (Sumitomo Bank).
Tel. No. 4663 (Compradore Office).

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cathbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves .....Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Annoyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,500,000
$33,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.
J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.
A. H. Compton Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
E. V. D. Darr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bankok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kualalumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	24,600,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,743,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E. C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe General pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Hailan	Peking
Calcutta	Hankow	Shanghai
Chanchun	Harbin	Tientsin
(Kwan chendze)	Hongkong	Tsingtau
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama
Dalny	(Dairen o-A	

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital .....$ 300,000.00
Reserve .....$ 10,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) $1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $50,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital .....Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ..Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... „ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthu
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus...U.S. $6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits... 1,010,000.00
U.S. $7,510,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Bombay	Hongkong	Peking
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	London	Santo Docningo
Cebu	Manila	San Pedro de,
Colon	Medellin	Macoris
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Shanghai
Hankow	Panama	Singapore
		Tientsin
		Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Rio de Janeiro
Buenos Aires	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Havana	San Paulo
Montevideo	Valparaiso
Petrograd	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 9,925,431 (about £827,120)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches.

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerokarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebin-Tinggi
Djember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital .....H.$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital .....H.$1,371,500
Reserve Fund .....H.$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund...H.$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

AMUSEMENTS

Lyceum Theatre

TONIGHT June 14 TONIGHT

J. R. Willadsen presents
THE FRAWLEY COMPANY
IN
"JERRY"

A screaming farce of a girl one hour ahead of time with

T. Daniel Frawley

John Halliday — Eva Lang
Reynolds Denniston — Valentine Sydney
George Austin Moore — Annette Tyler

June 15, 16 & 18 "Under Cover"
„ 19, 20 „ 21 "Twin Beds"
„ 22, 23 „ 25 "Bought and Paid For"

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for June 14th

"The Shielding Shadow"

The Wonder Serial of the World
15 EPISODES, EACH 2 REELS,
BY GEORGE B. SEITZ.
AUTHOR OF "THE IRON CLAW"
Featuring
GRACE DARMOND
RALPH KELLARD — LEON BARRY

First two episodes, entitled
"Treasure Trove" and "Into The Depths"
Four Reels

Pathe's British, French and American Gazettes:
Depicting all the principal events.

"THE STAGE VILLAIN"
Joker Comedy.

"LOSING WEIGHT"
Animated Cartoon Comedy.

Commencing Friday, June 15th
For three nights only
"The Far Eastern Olympic Games"
Held in Tokio, Japan, May 8-12, 1917
Showing all the principal events contested at this historical meeting.
will be screened at St. George's at 10 p.m.
and at the Apollo Theatre at 11 p.m.

St. George's Gardens

(Bubbling Well Road)

Open-Air Cinema

Every Evening
at 9.15

Change of Programme on Mondays & Fridays

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

No. 3 Woochang Road (Near Chapoo Road)
PROGRAMME for June 14th, 1917

"THE IRON CLAW"
TONIGHT
Showing 15th and 16th Episodes, entitled
"THE DOUBLE RESURRECTION"
and
"THE UNMASKING OF DAVY"
Four Reels

"THE FIVE SENSES" Comedy. — "WHEN LILY DIED" Drama.

"LUKE'S FATAL FLIVVER"
Lonesome Luke Comedy.

CHANGE OF ALL NEW PROGRAMME EVERY MONDAY AND FRIDAY.

Admission Prices:
1st class 30 cts., 2nd class 20 cts., 3rd class 10 cts.

TWO SHOWS
Every Night: 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

Olympic Theatre

NEW CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
TONIGHT
PRESENTING
THE STUPENDOUS SPECTACULAR PRODUCTION
IN
SIX STIRRING PARTS

"THE END OF THE WORLD"

Depicting in a fanciful conception, the devastation wrought by the contact of a titanic comet with the Earth.

Showing on Friday, June 15th
"EXCELSIOR"
AND
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE COUNT"
Two Parts

SHANGHAI ISIS THEATRE

Corner of Jukong Road and North Szechuen Road (about 150 yards from Range Road)

Two Performances Nightly at 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

TONIGHT TONIGHT
Frances Dainty Company

The Most sensational artists of the 20th century.
Riding their wheels up side down, right side up and suspended in the air.

TO BE SCREENED TONIGHT
The 9th and 10th Episodes
Of the
MASTER PLOT SERIAL
"The Mysteries of Myra"
4 Parts

Showing also the Screaming Comedies:
"POLICE DOG No. 4"
"MAX LINDER TO THE RESCUE"
"BEAUTY BULGLARS"

Admission Prices:
Box seat 70 cents, Dress Circle 50 cents, Stalls 30 cents.

Victoria Theatre

TONIGHT
SPECIAL NEW PROGRAMME
SHOWING
SELECTED NEW PICTURES INCLUDING
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE PAWNSHOP"
TWO PARTS
The First Mutual Chaplin Produced Under the $670,000 Contract.

MATINEE ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY SHOWING
"THE PAWNSHOP"

Launch Services

TODAY
The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m.

TOMORROW
The tender conveying passengers and mails to the T.K.K. s.s. Nippon Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

12.—Depression divided in two centers, one to the N. of Shantung, the other between Chekiang and Kiangsu. Very variable breezes around the centers. Continuous rain during the day; improvement towards the evening.

13.—The rain starts again, during the night, with fairly thick fog. The breeze sets to S.E. The pressure rises.

Wednesday, June 13, 1917.

WEATHER.	4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centg., mm	754.90	756.31
„ „ inches	29.72	29.78
Variation mm. for 24h	†6.90	†6.54
Variation mm. for 12h	†3.81	†2.13
Wind: Direction	E	ENE
Wind: Kilom. per hour	5	8
Wind: Miles	3.1	5.0
Temperature: Cen	18.9	22.3
Temperature: Fahr	66.0	72.2
Humidity: 00	98	83
Rebumidity 5-10	10	9
Rainfall mm.	—	1.1
Rainfall inches	—	0.04

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 15	3.00	San Francisco	Nippon maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 16	5.00*	New York via Panama	Toyama maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 25	..	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 25	4.00*	Victoria B.C. & Seattle	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 26	..	San Francisco	China	Am	G.J. Pet.
" 27		Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Mexico maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 14	5.00*	Kobe and Osaka via Moji	Kumano maru	Jap	N.Y.K.
" 15	5.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Nippon maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 18	5.00*	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikuzen maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 19	10.30*	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap	N.Y.K.
" 21		Kobe & Osaka via Moji	Kasuga maru	Jap	N.Y.K.
" 22	8.00	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus	R.V.F.
" 22	10.30*	Kobe	Suwa maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 28	.	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 19	9.00*	London etc.	Kamo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 28	..	Liverpool etc.	Kashima maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 14	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
" 14	5.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 14	A.M.	Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 14	A.M.	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 15	4.00	Ningpo	dsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
" 15	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
" 16	D.L.	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wingsang	Br.	M. & Co.
" 16	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
" 21	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shuntung	Br.	B. & S.
" 23	..	Takao via F'chow & K'lung	Koboku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 14	D.L.	Newchwang	Hunan	Br.	B. & S.
" 14	10.00*	W.h.w., U'foo & T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
" 14	8.00*	Tsingtao	Sanyo maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
" 14	A.M.	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 14	D.L.	Haichow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
" 15	D.L.	Newchwang	Sungkiang	Br.	B. & S.
" 16	A.M.	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 16	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S
" 17	8.00*	Newchwang	Hangchow	Br.	B. & S.
" 18	noon	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
" 19	5.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
" 22	5.00	Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus.	R. V. F.
" 23	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
" 27	..	Tientsin & Dalny	Keelung maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 13	A.M.	Hankow etc.	Fatoo maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 14	M.N.	do	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 14	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
" 15	M.N.	do	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
" 15	M.N.	do	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
" 16	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
" 16	M.N.	do	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 17	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 18	M.N.	do	Fatee maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 18	M.N.	do	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 18	M.N.	do	Loenno	Br.	J. M. & Co
" 19	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
" 20	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
" 25	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.

* A.M. M.N.—Midnight D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
June 13	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
" 13	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N.Co.	NSCW
" 13	Hongkong	Tamsui	919	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
" 13	Tientsin	Hsinming	1428	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co	KLYW
" 13	Hankow	Hanping	581	Chi.	H. Y. P. I. Co	HYPW
" 13	Tsingtao	Sanyo maru	1426	Jap.	S.M.R.	SMRW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
June 13	Hankow etc.	Wuchang	1719	Br.	B. & S.
" 13	Hankow etc	Siangyang maru	2225	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 13	Hankow etc.	Kiangtoo	1468	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 13	Tientsin direct	Kwangping	1244	Br.	K.M.A.
" 13	Wenchow via Ningpo	Kwangchi	314	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 13	Hankow	Meifoo	406	Am.	S. Oil Co
" 13	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.
" 13	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N.S.N.Co.

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hunan, Captain W. J. French, will leave on Thursday, June 14, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking Capt. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund on on Thursday, June 14, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinming, Capt. Mackenion, will leave on Thursday, morning For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sungkiang Capt. H. Trowbridge will leave on Friday, June 15, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77,

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinfung, Capt. F. H. Hamblin, will leave on Saturday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 16, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hangchow, Capt. E. Partridge, will leave on Sunday, June 17, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Pasage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien Capt. Northcombe, wil leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, June 19, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 23, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Steamer Keelung Maru, Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s pootung wharf on June 27, ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, Inland Sea, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Nippon Maru, 11,000 tons Capt. Y. Maki, will leave on Friday, June 15. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 3 p.m. Friday June 15. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Agent.

TACOMA & SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The str. Mexico Maru, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from on June 27, at ———. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the Customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234, 4047.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungting Capt. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, June 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Tafoo Maru, Captain S. Hosokawa, will be despatched from pootung N.K.K. wharf on Thursday, June 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangwah, Capt. John McArthur, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chungking Captain Monkman, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, June 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamer Loongwo, tons 3925 Captain Findeison, will leave on Friday, June 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigaton Co.'s Steamer Poyang Capt. Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Luenyi, Capt. Frazier will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, June 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin Capt. F. Newcomb will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, June 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, June 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Pasage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG and CONTON.—The Str. Kwangtah, Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on Thursday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Thursday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang Capt. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, June 14, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, June 15, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tls. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, June 19 at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shantung Capt. Meathral, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, June 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Pasage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHWOW and KEELUNG.—Te Str. Kohoku Maru, Capt. K. Saito, will be despached from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on June 25, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHWOW and KEELUNG.—Te Str. Taichi Maru, Capt. H. Ueda, will be despached from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on July 2, at——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

HONGKONG.—The Steamer Canada Maru, Capt. T. Suruga, will be despached from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Junly 5, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Holhow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO:—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m.
The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents. 21-23 French Fund.

Freight: Telephone No. 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers
"Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia"
14,000 tons each

TO SAN FRANCISCO

VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT
The most comfortable route to America and Europe

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

S.S. "Ecuador"	June 23, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	July 21, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	Aug. 18, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	Sept. 15, 1917

SAILINGS FOR MANILA.

S.S. "Colombia"	June 30, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	July 28, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	Aug. 25, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	Sept. 22, 1917

(Subject to change)

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration.

Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to

B. C. HAILE, Special representative.
ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD. Agents.
1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building)
Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE
(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)
Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

			arr.	leave.
"MEXICO MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Yamaguchi	June 26,	27

(For Hongkong) arr. leave.

"CANADA MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Suruga	July 4,	5

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin and Dairen arr. leave.

"KEELUNG MARU"	(1,569 tons)	Capt. T. Kamiashi	June 25,	27

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao. arr. leave.

"KOHOKU MARU"	(2,610 tons)	Capt. K. Saito	June 23,	25
"TAICHI MARU"	(1,201 tons)	Capt. H. Ueda	June 30,	July 2

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to India, South America, Australia, China, Korea, Vladivostock, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. Nos. 4047, 4234.

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1948 83, Szechuen Road

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OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver
In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

SHORTEST ROUTE TO
ST. PAUL—CHICAGO—TORONTO.
MONTREAL and NEW YORK,

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA AND EMPRESS OF ASIA
Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific.
30,625 tons, quadruple screws, speed 21 knots.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN 11,750 Tons
MONTEAGLE 12,720 Tons

REDUCED FIRST CLASS FARES

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to

G. M. JACKSON, General Agent Passenger Dept.
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent.
Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,
Tel. 181 and 182 Shanghai.

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

To San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

Nippon Maru sails for San Francisco, June 15th.
Tender leaves Customs Jetty at 3 p.m. on June 15th.

"SHINYO MARU"	22,000	"	June 25 "
"PERSIA MARU"	9,000	"	July 6 "
"KOREA MARU"	20,000	"	July 20 "
"SIBERIA MARU"	18,000	"	July 30 "

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Peria Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine, and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Agent*,
Telephone No. 3229. 53 Szechuen Road.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI KOBE YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

JUNE 26, SEPT. 8, NOV. 19.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
AUG. 26, NOV. 6.

G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT
NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD,
'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.
Shanghai Agents:
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

For London or Liverpool via Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, etc.

	Tons		
KASHIMA MARU** ...	19,000	——	June 29
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	——	July 8

**For Liverpool.

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

SHIDZUOKA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. J. Noma,	June 26, 1917
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	July 21, 1917
YOKOHAMA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. T. Terada,	Aug. 6

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUZEN MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	June 16
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	June 19
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	June 23
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	June 26
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki.	June 30

KOBE TO SEATTLE.

SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Shinohe	June 15

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Saito,	June 21
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	June 28

FOR JAPAN.

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	June 22
SHIDZUOKA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. I. Noma,	June 25

FOR HONGKONG.

INABA MARU	12,500	——	July 3, 1917

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan Ports and Australian (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

			Leave Hongkong.
TANGO MARU	14,000	——	June 19, 1917
NIKKO MARU	10,000	——	July 17, 1917
AKI MARU	12,500	——	Aug. 14, 1917

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ = Midnight, 13³⁰ = 1³⁰ p.m.

September 1st, 1916, and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2038	835	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1960	1020
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1653	719
000	1125	630	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	2301	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1950
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1645	1941
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1911
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1508
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	1138
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	845
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1816	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2007
1156	823	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1206	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1637	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line			
930	1330	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530 1110 1800 d. Lincheng a. 810 1410 2100
1033	1456	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	628 1219 1908 a. Tsochuang d. 708 1308 1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, September, 1916.

Apply to
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
for particulars of all kinds of
SWEDISH PAPER

Business and Official Notices

The Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company, Limited

NOTICE

NEW Lists corrected up to the 1st April, 1917, are now ready and in progress of delivery. Subscribers wishing to obtain copies immediately, can do so by sending their old lists to the office of the Company, 24a and 24b Kiangse Road, in exchange for a new one.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Attention of Subscribers is particularly called to the prefixes "CENTRAL," "NORTH," "EAST" and "WEST" when calling. The name of the EXCHANGE MUST ALWAYS be given and should be spoken first and number afterwards. If the call is not given in this manner the Subscriber is liable to be connected to a wrong Exchange.

GUSTAF L. OBERG,
Secretary & General Manager.
Shanghai, 11th June, 1917.
14147

CULTY DAIRY Co., Limited

505 Avenue Joffre.
Tel. West 101.

Pure Milk

OWING to an increase in our herd of cattle we are now in a position to supply additional customers with Milk.

CULTY DAIRY Co., Limited
13964

W. ASSOMULL & CO., Indian Store

No. 4, Broadway,
(Opposite Astor House)

Dealers in:

Indian, Chinese and Japanese Silks, Fancy Articles, Carpets, Rugs, Indian Muslin, Damascene, Brass Ware, Etc, Inspection cordially solicited.

A large assortment of Chefoo Laces.

Tel. No. 2611.
13212

Dr. S. Nakanishi
Veterinary Surgeon

Y-A 4 Barchet Road,

wishes to inform patrons that histelephone number has been changed to North 611 from April 1, 1917.
13227

Sam Joe & Co.

General Storekeepers, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely fresh, being imported weekly from well-known manufacturers. "American" fresh fruit always in stock

PRICES VERY MODERATE
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL ORDERS

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

All kinds of Chinese and Japanese coal sold by us also.

A1114 Broadway
Telephone No. 1095.
SHANGHAI.

M. CHING CHONG

Proprietor, Yeh Mei-ching
Hardware and Metal Merchants
Government Contractors

Materials of every description for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

Sole Agent for

The Chee Hsin Cement Co., Ltd.

We have also Black Dye in stock, Trade Mark Zang Kun (象球) at moderate prices.

For further information, please apple to—

66-69 North Soochow Road, Shanghai
Tel. Gen. office No. 2971
Tel. Pri. office No. 4385

The National Loan of the Third Year of the Republic of China (1914)
$16,000,000 and Supplementary Issue of $8,000,000

AND

The National Loan of the Fourth Year of the Republic of China (1915)
$24,000,000.

Subscribers to the above two loans are hereby notified that in pursuance of arrangements recently made by the Chinese Government with me for the future service of these loans, interest payments are and will be adequately secured by cash funds in my hands and at my sole disposal.

F. A. AGLEN,
Inspector General of Customs.

INSPECTORATE GENERAL OF CUSTOMS.
Peking, 6th June, 1917.
14133

The Royal Cafe

Opposite the Brenan Road entrance to the new park

JESSFIELD

Meals and short orders served at all hours.

Only the best wines and liquors, Cigars and cigarettes carried in stock.

C. C. JOHN,
Manager.
12891

An Extraordinary Precious Stone

IN A DUCK'S EGG.

A Cantonese merchant in Siam, named Dien Barn, had a duck which laid an egg on February 3, 1916. This egg weighed heavily in hand, so the owner decided to break it and to find out what this egg really was. He had broken it, and immediately beneath the shell he found a solid yellow precious stone; afterwards this stone changed colors. Now he has arrived Shanghai and brought it with him. As it is so extraordinary and wonderful, he is willing to exhibit before any great scientists or persons who take interest in curious things. Any man who can give details and proofs about this stone and prove satisfactory, the owner will recompense him highly for his valuable service, or any man who wish to buy it also can arrange with the owner in person. But any person who wants to call at the following address to see this stone, is requested to provide an introduction by a local noted firm.

Opium Guild.
623 Canton Road.
14024

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

Russian 5% Internal Liberty Loan, 1917.

Subscription to the LIBERTY LOAN is opened in Russia up to the 13/26th of June, 1917.

The price of issue is 85%.

The Loan is free of income tax and other taxations.

The Loan is issued for 55 years, and will be redeemable at par by yearly drawings beginning in December, 1922.

The Loan may be reimbursed at par after the 16/29 of March, 1927.

Coupons are payable in Russia half-yearly, on the 16/29 of March and 16/29 of September.

Interest on the loan runs from the 16/29 of March, 1917: interest from that date will be added to the price of issue.

The Russo-Asiatic Bank, and its Branches in China, Japan and India, are ready to accept applications for the above-named Loan.

Special favourable rates will be quoted for Russian Exchange.

Applications will be wired to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and commission. The Bank is ready to give every facility to subscribers in the shape of advances against the Bonds.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager.
13616

IF YOU WISH to have good results in Developing and Printing your Films, send to THE ASIA PHOTO SUPPLY CO. 135-A, Szechuen Road. 'Phone No. 1647.
12332

KINGMAN & BROS.
DENTAL-SURGEONS

of the Philadelphia Dental College and Garrestson's Hospital of Oral Surgery, Philadelphia, U.S.A., Will perform all Kinds of dental operation on modern Scientific principles And supply

Teeth of Superior Workmanship In Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates, Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All works are guaranteed to entire satisfaction.

No. 40 Szechuen Road.
13700

Protestant Primate On Irish Convention

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 11. The Protestant Primate of Ireland will also be a member of the Irish Convention.

The Shanghai Share-Brokers' Association

An extraordinary General Meeting of Members will be held in the rooms of the Association on Thursday, 14th June, 1917, at 4 p.m.

C. A. MARTINHO MARQUES,
Hon. Secretary.
14113

SUMMER SUITS

Hand-tailored, American Styles for hottest weather.
White Serge, Shantung Silk, White Drill, Flannels
Hard Woven, Hard Wearing Material.

Thom Shing, Tailor

G19 Tiendong Road, near Broadway.

Triangle Commercial Co.

149 California Street, San Francisco, California, U.S.A.
Importers, Exporters and Commission Merchants.

Direct Chinese Business Solicited.

直接招攬中國生意

Cable address: "TRICOMCO"
Correspondence invited.
13813

WHITE LEGHORN EGGS FOR SETTING.

From selected hens, true to standard, yellow legs, tip-top winter layers.

Eggs $2.75 setting. Thousands of birds for sale. Anyone interested in poultry is invited to inspect our farm.

Kiangnan Poultry Farm
Chun Hsin Road [back of the S. N. Railway Station]

ASAHI BEER

TRADE MARK

The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

TELEPHONE 2560

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking and Peking—Up (Main Line.) Peking and Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Express R	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	7.55	..	8.20	9.00	12.50	15 20	23.00
SOOCHOW.....dep.	9.41	..	11.02	12.18	14.57	18 13	1.08
WUSIH.....dep.	10.31	..	12.21	13.45	15.52	19.41	2.10
CHANGCHOW.....dep.	11.22	6.50	13.42	15.01	16.47	20.45	3.11
TANYANG .....dep.	12.09	8.05	14.59	16.14	17.43	..	..
CHINKIANG .....dep.	12.52	8.50	15.57	17.18	18.32	..	4.56
NANKING .....arr.	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.05	..	6.50
NANKING FERRY ...arr.	14.10	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUKOW .....dep.	5.15.30	T.P.R	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU .....dep	8.06	Second Day	..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN .....arr.	16.31		..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL .....dep.	17.00	P.M.R.	..	..	..	..	..
PEKING .....arr.	*19.50		..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Express R.		Night Express R.S.
PEKING .....dep.	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M.R.	..
TIENTSIN .....arr.	..	..	..	..	17.10		1.08
CENTRAL .....dep.	..	..	..	..	5.12.00		..
TSINANFU .....dep.	..	..	..	..	0.31	Second Day	..
PUKOW .....arr.	..	..	..	..	13.00		..
NANKING FERRY dep.	..	..	..	..	14.20	..	..
NANKING .....dep.	..	7.00	7.30	11.15	14.20	15.55	22.00
CHINKIANG.....dep.	..	9.06	9.52	12.59	16.01	18.25	1.00
TANYANG.....dep.	..	9.57	10.51	13.40	16.38	19.19	..
CHANGCHOW.....dep.	6.20	11.14	12.28	14.52	17.38	20.30	3.06
WUSIH.....dep.	7.31	12.32	13.44	15.52	18.31	..	4.11
SOOCHOW.....dep.	8.46	13.50	15.06	16.56	19.28	..	5.32
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	11.25	16.30	17.35	18.55	21.20	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. S. Sleeping Cars. *Connects with through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.55	8.15	10.45	13.10	14.40	16.20	17.50	19.55	22.10	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.15	7.35	10.05	12.15	14.00	15.20	17.25	19.10	21.20
KIANGWAN dep.	7.22	8.42	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.47	18.27	20.22	22.37	KIANGWAN dep	6.26	7.46	10.16	12.26	14.11	15.41	17.36	19.21	21.41
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.30	8.50	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.45	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.40	8.10	10.40	12.50	14.35	16.05	18.00	19.45	22.05

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAH KOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express	Local	Local	Local
Shanghai North.....dep.	....	7.40	8.55	10.05	....	14.05	....	....	....
Jessfield .....dep.	....	8.01	9.16	10.26	....	14.25	....	....	....
Soccawei .....dep.	....	8.10	9.25	10.35	....	14 34	....	....	....
Lunghwa Junction .....dep.	....	8.28	9.43	11.00	....	14.52	....	....	....
Shanghai South.....dep.	....	*8.00*	*9.20*	*10.30*	*13.35*	*14.30*	*16.10*	*16.45*	*18.00*
Lunghwa Junction.....dep.	....	*8.28*	*9.48*	*11.00*	*13.53*	*14.52*	*16.29*	*17.03*	*18.18*
Sunkiang .....dep.	....	9.13	10.33	12.10	....	15.28	17.47	....	....
Kashai .....dep.	....	10.03	11.53	13.33	....	16.15	18.37	....	....
Kashing .....dep.	7.20	10.35	12.35	14.16	....	16.45	19.30	....	....
Yeh Zah .....dep.	8.08	11.14	13.10	15.16	....	17.21	....	....	....
Chang An .....dep.	9.00	11.49	14.04	16.10	....	17.55	....	....	....
Hangchow .....dep.	10.38	2.53	5.26	17.47	....	18.54	....	....	....
Zah Kou .....arr.	11.00	13.09	15.45	18.15	....	19.10	....	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express	Local
Zah Kou .....dep.	....	....	....	6.45	8.10	....	8.55	14 15	16.00
Hangchow .....dep.	....	....	....	7.15	8.40	....	9.33	14 40	16.35
Chang An .....dep.	....	....	....	8.15	9.56	....	11.03	15 26	17.57
Yeh Zah .....dep.	....	....	....	8.52	10 40	....	12 30	15.57	18.50
Kashing .....dep.	....	....	7.25	9.40	11.30	....	14.07	16.38	19.40
Kashai .....dep.	....	....	8 00	10.05	12.00	....	14 47	17.01	....
Sunkiang .....dep.	....	....	9.18	10.57	13.03	....	16 13	17.49	....
Lunghwa Junction.....dep.	*8.35*	*9.58*	*10.37*	*11.48*	*14.05*	*14.55*	*17.22*	*18.33*	....
Shanghai South.....arr.	*8.53*	*10.13*	*10.55*	*12.05*	*14.23*	*15.13*	*17.40*	*18.50*	....
Lunghwa Junction.....dep.	....	....	....	11.41	14 07	....	17 22	18.32	....
Soccawei .....dep.	....	....	....	11.53	14 17	....	17 32	18 42	....
Jessfield .....dep	....	....	....	12.01	14 26	....	17 41	18 51	....
Shanghai North ... arr	....	....	....	12.20	14.45	....	18 00	19.10	....

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU KIANGSU BRANCH LINE. ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

Kon Zen Chiao..	dep.	7.05	8 30	11.05	14.05	16.05	18.15	Zah Kou.....	dep.	....	9.40	12.20	...	17.15	....
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7 .5	8.50	11.20	14.21	16.20	18.29	Hangchow.....	dep	7.45	10.05	12 50	14.55	17.40	18 50
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.35	9.05	11 35	14.31	16.37	18.37	Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	8.00	10.23	13.05	15.10	17.52	19.02
Zah Kou.....	arr.	....	9 25	11 55	...	17.00	....	Kon Zen Chiao..	arr.	8 18	10.35	13.18	15.2	18.05	19.15

Business and Official Notices

Shanghai Stock Exchange

NOTICE

An Extraordinary General Meeting having abolished the RULE giving the Committee disciplinary powers over members making contracts for forward delivery in which no share-numbers are declared

The Public is hereby notified that while members are now free to make such contracts, the Committee is debarred by RULE 62 from taking any cognizance of claims arising therefrom, and moreover that under King's Regulations, etc., etc., such are unenforceable in a British Court.

Quotations for Forward Delivery supplied to the Press under the heading "OFFICIAL BUSINESS" will only be made when a declaration has been signed by the selling and buying brokers that share numbers will be inserted in the contract.

Quotations for Forward Delivery under the Heading "UNOFFICIAL BUSINESS" while supplied for the information of the Public, are not registered in the Books of the Exchange, and are not recognised by the Committee.

By Order,
F. B. WALKER,
Secretary.

Shanghai, June 12th, 1917.
14165

NOTICE

On and after June 18, 1917, the Toyo Kisen Kaisha (Oriental S. S. Co.) will be located in their permanent quarters on First Floor—North China Insurance Company, Limited, Building, No. 71 Szechuen Road, 'Phone 3229.

T. N. ALEXANDER,
Agent.
14168

Cercle Sportif Francais

PROGRAMME

of a Musical and Variety Evening to be held Thursday, 14th of June, at 9.15 p.m. under the auspices of the ALLIANCE FRANCAISE

Opening Speech.....M. WILDEN
Lecture.....M. le Capt. SCHMITT
(The lecturer, who was wounded and made prisoner by the Germans during the present war, will tell, with the permission of the French Authorities, how he managed to escape.)
Aux Preux d'Alsace, A sonnet.....X
M. Dufaure de la Prade.

INTERVAL

1.—Down in the forest..Landon Ronald
Mrs. Banham
2.—Air de Louise.....Carpentier
Madame Fabre
3.—Oh! Flower divine...Haydn Wood
Mrs. Beale
4.—La derniere classe.....Daudet
M. Dufaure de la Prade
5.—Red Rose of England....
Herbert Oliver
Mrs. Beale
6.—There's a Land....Francis Allston
Mrs. Banham
7.—Ce que c'est qu'un drapeau....
La Mareille
Madame Fabre
8.—La Marseillaise....Rouget de Lisle
Madame Fano
Members of the C.S.F., their friends and all Allies are cord'ally invited.
14166

Just think of the most beautiful, the most economical, and the most highly appreciated present, and you will at once think of

The Marco Polo Scarf.

Price Prepaid: $4.25
Postage & Duty Free

WIDLER & COMPANY
Chungking, West China

We hold large and complete stocks OF

WINES AND SPIRITS

and are in a position to supply

The Trade With Quality AT Exceptionally Low Rates

Correspondence Solicited

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS

STEAMERS FOR SALE

Deadweight tonnage capacity, 1,400, July/Aug.; 800, August; 3,500 and 3,100, Sept./Oct.; 1,500, Oct.; 1,400, Nov.; 2,000 and 2,500, Dec., 1917.
C. A. MARTINHO MARQUES,
96 Szechuen Road.
Tel. No. 380

ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Zee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

ANTIMONY REGULUS.
(99% pure)
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Apply, HUPEH GOVERNMENT MINING BUREAU, WUCHANG.
Tel. address "HUPEHMINE"
13721

KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN PRODUCTS
6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China
Phone: No. 1860 Chinese Dept. No. 1625

THE ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
ANNOUNCES
Grand Opening Dance
IN THE
Palm Garden
ON
Saturday Evening, June 16th, at 10 p.m.

In case of rain, Dance will be held in the Ball Room.

SUMMER SCHEDULE FOR PALM GARDEN

Monday	Concert
Tuesday	Dance
Thursday	Dance
Friday	Concert
Saturday	Dance

On each Wednesday evening Prof. Papini will give a concert on the Roof Garden of THE PALACE HOTEL

The afternoon Tea Dansant will be discontinued during the Summer.

COPYING PENCILS

and pencils of all grades.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Tel. 4778 — 4 Canton Rd., Shanghai. — Tel. 4778

RING UP 3809

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR $4.00 PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.
2a Jinkee Road.

International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

23rd June, 1917

1st Saddling Bell at 3.30 p.m.
ENTRIES close on SATURDAY, 16th June, 1917, at 6 p.m. at the Club House, 126 Bubbling Well Road.
Entry forms may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

By order,
Y. J. CHANG,
Secretary.
14160

FOR 10 DAYS ONLY!!!

We offer at specially cut prices newly arrived
SUMMER UNDERWEAR
in India Gauze, Lisle Thread, Lisle Balbriggan, Porous Mesh, Aertex Cellular, Fine Cashmere.
H. G. HILL & CO. 119 Szechuen Road
Opposite Chinese Post Office

MANILA ROPE
AND
Other Philippine Products—Samples and prices furnished upon request.
H. J. BELL & CO.,
P. O. Box 239. 117 Dasmarinas, Manila.

Ten Years' Anniversary Cheap Sale
35% discount
Two weeks only, from June 5th to June 19th, 1917.
Jadestones, Jewellery and Silverware.
SING FAT CO.
43A Kiangse Road.
14075

THE LACE BAZAAR CO.
88 Szechuen Road.
(Opposite Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co.)
Hand-made Laces, Embroideries, Silks and Works of Art.
Wholesale and Retail.
14166

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that all persons going to the United States, or en route through the United States, or on vessels touching at American ports, should submit their passports to an American Diplomatic or Consular officer for verification (if American) or vise (if not American).

THOMAS SAMMONS,
American Consul-General.
Shanghai, China, June 8, 1917.
14127

NOTICE

During the months of June, July and August, the office hours of our firm will be from 8 a.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Getz Bros & Co., of the Orient, Ltd.

E. B. WAITE,
General Manager.
14176

AMERICAN

OWNER of U.S. and Canadian Patents, wishes to meet American of passage in Shanghai, who would take interest in negotiating for their sale in U.S.A. Apply to Box 174, THE CHINA PRESS.
14143

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.
Tel. 3482
3403

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
Phone 1946
One small bedroom vacant, with all comforts.

TO LET, from 1st July, a small flat of two rooms, kitchen, bathroom, servants' quarters, verandah, (south). Furnished or unfurnished. Apply to Box 189, THE CHINA PRESS.
14172 J.16.

TO LET from 1st of July to 1st of October, furnished flat of two rooms, bathroom, telephone, etc. Central district. Apply to Box 190, THE CHINA PRESS.
14173 J.20.

PLEASANT ROOM suitable for two, and good board, with privilege of tennis court. Central. American family. Terms reasonable. Apply to Box 192, THE CHINA PRESS.
14177 J.16.

TO LET, with board, well-furnished balcony room with bathroom. Suitable married couples or bachelors. Terms moderate. 12a Quinsan Gardens.
14167 J.16.

TO LET, French Town, near Bund, from 1st of July, furnished flat (2 rooms, kitchen, servants' quarters). Apply to Box 182, THE CHINA PRESS.
14156 J.14.

WESTERN DISTRICT, to let, furnished bedroom with bathroom attached, near trams. Apply to Box 152, THE CHINA PRESS.
14095 J.12.

CENTRAL DISTRICT. Vacant in private flat (British), comfortable furnished room, south, bathroom attached, geyser and shower. Breakfast supplied if desired. Quiet and cool. Elevator. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 176, THE CHINA PRESS.
14148 J.14.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATIONS WANTED

GERMAN lady wants a position as housekeeper. Family without children preferred. Apply to Box 191, THE CHINA PRESS.
14174 J.15.

CLERK: Englishman, 23, desires work after 4 p.m. Any capacity. Apply to Box 178, THE CHINA PRESS.
14150 J.14.

OFFICE MAN of experience, holding responsible position, wants extra work after office hours and lots of it; no work too complex to handle; no position too small to consider or accept, to either one of which I promise true devotion, and to him who favors me with his confidence, I shall be unremitting in my labours to compensate. Apply to Ally: THE CHINA PRESS.
14134

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, five-roomed house, small garden, two bathrooms, stable. Tls. 80 per month. China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.
14152

TO LET, from 1st June, in the western district, near to French and English trams, two five-roomed, semi-detached houses, with attics and up-to-date bathrooms, garage and tennis court. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.
13679

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, English-speaking compradore, experienced in Filet Lace. Apply to Box 180, THE CHINA PRESS.
14155 J. 15.

WANTED: Compradore for established business, to take charge of Chinese agents in interior. Must give Tls. 5,000 guarantee and deposit Tls. 2,000 cash. Salary and good commission. Permanent position, with assured and profitable prospects. Apply to Box 185, THE CHINA PRESS.
14164 J.15.

EDUCATIONAL

TO LADIES ONLY. Lessons in English conversation combined with artistic dress-making and millinery taught by a competent Allied teacher. Apply to Box 186, THE CHINA PRESS.
14169 J.19.

WANTED, music lessons. Send terms and particulars to Box 188, THE CHINA PRESS.
14170 J.14.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED a residential flat of four rooms, servants' quarters and kitchen. Must be central. Apply to Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.
14122

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, "Yale" motor-cycle, first-class running order, 7½ h.p., Bosch magneto, two cylinders, free engine. On view at Wong Ah Zai Garage, No. P512-4 North Honan Road. Tel. No. North 465.
14157 J.17.

FOR SALE: One Harley-Davidson, 6½ h.p. motor-cycle with side-car, in good running order. Best offer accepted. A week's trial given. Owner leaving Shanghai shortly. Apply to Box 183, THE CHINA PRESS.
14162 J.15.

FOR SALE: Thorough-bred, pedigree, brindle color, Bull dog bitch, about 20 months old, by Newington Marvel, Champion of Australia, and Lady Molly. In first class condition. Apply No. 3 Minghong Road.
14100

FOR SALE: Allison piano, specially built for the tropics. In excellent condition. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply Robinson Piano Co., Ltd.
14178 J.14.

FOR SALE, a large stock of genuine American hand-made, gold jewellery. Can be seen by appointment with Box 181, THE CHINA PRESS.
14155 J.15.

WANTED to buy or hire, a 1915-16, Underwood or Remington typewriter. S. Goldstein, 5 Jinkee Road.
14151 J.14.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13